

SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

M. Tech Communication Engineering

(M.Tech MCE)

Curriculum

(2021-2022 admitted students)

VISION STATEMENT OF VELLORE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Transforming life through excellence in education and research.

MISSION STATEMENT OF VELLORE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

World class Education: Excellence in education, grounded in ethics and critical thinking, for improvement of life.

Cutting edge Research: An innovation ecosystem to extend knowledge and solve critical problems.

Impactful People: Happy, accountable, caring and effective workforce and students

Rewarding Co-creations: Active collaboration with national & international industries & universities for productivity and economic development.

Service to Society: Service to the region and world through knowledge and compassion.

VISION STATEMENT OF THE SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

To be a leader by imparting in-depth knowledge in Electronics Engineering, nurturing engineers, technologists and researchers of highest competence, who would engage in sustainable development to cater the global needs of industry and society.

MISSION STATEMENT OF THE SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

- Create and maintain an environment to excel in teaching, learning and applied research in the fields of electronics, communication engineering and allied disciplines which pioneer for sustainable growth.
- Equip our students with necessary knowledge and skills which enable them to be lifelong learners to solve practical problems and to improve the quality of human life.

M.TECH (MCE)

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

- 1. Graduates will be engineering practitioners and leaders, who would help solve industry's technological problems
- 2. Graduates will be engineering professionals, innovators or entrepreneurs engaged in technology development, technology deployment, or engineering system implementation in industry
- 3. Graduates will function in their profession with social awareness and responsibility
- 4. Graduates will interact with their peers in other disciplines in industry and society and contribute to the economic growth of the country
- 5. Graduates will be successful in pursuing higher studies in engineering or management
- 6. Graduates will pursue career paths in teaching or research

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)

- PO_01: Having an ability to apply mathematics and science in engineering applications.
- PO_03: Having an ability to design a component or a product applying all the relevant standards and with realistic constraints, including public health, safety, culture, society and environment
- PO_04: Having an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyse and interpret data, and synthesis of information
- PO_05: Having an ability to use techniques, skills, resources and modern engineering and IT tools necessary for engineering practice
- PO_06: Having problem solving ability- to assess social issues (societal, health, safety, legal and cultural) and engineering problems
- PO_07: Having adaptive thinking and adaptability in relation to environmental context and sustainable development
- PO_08: Having a clear understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- PO_11: Having a good cognitive load management skills related to project management and finance

M.TECH (MCE)

ADDITIONAL PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (APOs)

APO_02: Having Sense-Making Skills of creating unique insights in what is being seen or observed (Higher level thinking skills which cannot be codified)

APO_03: Having design thinking capability

APO_04: Having computational thinking (Ability to translate vast data in to abstract concepts and to understand database reasoning

APO_07: Having critical thinking and innovative skills

APO_08: Having a good digital footprint

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

On completion of M. Tech. (Communication Engineering) programme, graduates will be able to

- PSO1: Apply advanced concepts of Communication Engineering to design and develop more efficient next generation communication systems.
- PSO2: Use modern technologies in both hardware, software to solve real-world multidisciplinary problems
- PSO3: Independently carry out research on diverse communication strategies to address practical problems and present a substantial technical report.

M.TECH (MCE)

CREDIT STRUCTURE

Category-wise Credit distribution

Category	Credits
University core (UC)	27
Programme core (PC)	19
Programme elective (PE)	18
University elective (UE)	06
Bridge course (BC)	-
Total credits	70

DETAILED CURRICULUM

University Core

S. No	Course Code	Course title	L	T	P	J	C
1	MAT 5006	Mathematics for Communication Engineering	3	0	0	0	3
2	ENG5001	Fundamentals of Communication Skills	0	0	2	0	1
	ENG5002	Professional and Communication Skills	0	0	2	0	1
		(OR)					
	GER 5001	Deutsch fuer Anfaenger	2	0	0	0	2
3	STS5001	Soft Skills					2
	STS5002	Soft Skills	-	_	-	-	2
4	SET5001	SET Projects					4
	SET5002	SET Projects	-	_	-	-	4
5	ECE 6099	Master's Thesis	-	-	-	-	16
	Total Credits		•	•	•	•	27

M. Tech Communication Engineering

Programme Core

S. No.	Course Code	Course title	L	T	P	J	С
1.	ECE 5005	Advances in Wireless Networks	2	0	2	4	4
2.	ECE 5010	Advanced Digital Communication	2	0	2	4	4
3.	ECE 5011	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	2	0	2	4	4

4.	ECE 5012	Advanced Antenna Engineering		3	0	2	0	4
5.	ECE 5013	Fiber Optic Communication and Networks		2	0	2	0	3
			Total	Cre	dits			19

Programme Elective

S. No.	Course Code	Course title	L	Т	P	J	С
1.	ECE 6010	High Performance Communication Networks	3	0	0	0	3
2.	ECE 6011	Mobile Adhoc Networks	3	0	0	0	3
3.	ECE 6012	Modern Wireless Communication Systems	3	0	0	4	4
4.	ECE 6013	Modeling of Wireless Communication Systems	3	0	2	0	4
5.	ECE 6014	Modern Satellite Communication	3	0	0	0	3
6.	ECE 6015	Coding for MIMO Communication	3	0	0	0	3
7.	ECE 6016	Advanced Wireless Sensor Networks	2	0	2	0	3
8.	ECE 6017	RF and Microwave Circuit Design	2	0	2	4	4
9.	ECE 6018	Microwave Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	0	3
10.	ECE 6019	Image processing and Feature Extraction	3	0	2	0	4
11.	ECE 6020	Multirate Systems	2	0	0	4	3
12.	ECE 6021	Adaptive Signal Processing	2	0	0	4	3
13.	ECE 6022	Optical Broadband Access Networks	2	0	0	4	3
14.	ECE 6023	RF MEMS	3	0	0	0	3
15.	ECE 6091	Foundations of Machine Learning	3	0	0	0	3
16.	CSE 6051	Information and Network Security	3	0	0	0	3

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
MAT5006	Mathematics for Communication Engineering	3	0	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	None	Syllabus versi			ion	
						1.0

Course Objectives:

- 1. To build the strong foundation in Mathematics in students needed for the field of Communication Engineering.
- 2. To provide the mathematics fundamentals necessary to formulate, solve and analyse complex engineering problems.
- 3. To apply reasoning by the contextual knowledge to engineering practice.
- 4. To work as teams on multi-disciplinary projects.

Expected Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the students are expected to

- 1. Apply matrix theory in Communication Engineering problems.
- 2. Calculate gradients, derivatives and its applications
- 3. Apply the constrained optimization for approximate solutions.
- 4. Do statistical modelling and analysis of Communication Systems
- 5. Apply Markovian process and distinguish the utility of queuing models.

Module:1 | Basic Matrix Concepts

6 hours

Linear equations and matrix representations, Determinants. Vector spaces- Basis and dimension, Norms and inner-products, The Cauchy- Schwarz inequality, Direction of vectors, weighted inner products, Expectation as an inner product, Hilbert and Banach spaces, orthogonal subspaces, null space, column space, row space. Projection matrices.

Module:2 | Matrix Factorizations and applications

9 hours

The LU factorization-Methods of Crout and Cholesky factorization, unitary matrices and the QR factorization, Eigen values, Eigen vectors, EVD, whitening, Pseudo inverses and the SVD, numerically sensitive problems, Rank-reducing approximations.

Module:3 | Some Special Matrices and their Applications

4 hours

Circulant matrices, Toeplitz matrices. Kronecker Products - Some applications of Kronecker products.

Module:4 | **Derivatives** and **gradients**

4 hours

Derivatives of vectors and scalars, products of matrices, powers of a matrix, Modifications for derivatives of complex vectors and matrices, first order systems

Module:5 Theory of Constrained optimization

5 hours

Basic definitions, definitions of constrained optimization, equality constraints: Lagrange multipliers.

Module:6 Probability and random processes

7 hours

Random vectors, transformations, joint moments, joint characteristic function, correlation, covariance matrices - properties. Vector Gaussian, Q-function, Circular complex Gaussian, various transformations, Gaussian random vectors, Rayleigh, Rician, Nagakami distributions, probability of error upper

bounds for M-ary modulations. Module:7 Markov Chains Queuing theory 8 hours Markov Process, Markov chains, Birth-Death process- Characteristics of queuing models -Kendall's notation - Transient and Steady States and Difference equations related to Poisson Queue systems - Single server and Multiple Server Poisson queue Models with Finite and Infinite capacity. Module:8 | Contemporary issues: Expert Lecture 2 hours Constrained optimization and Queuing Theory Applications of

Total Lecture hours: 45 hours

Text Book(s)

- Todd.K. Moon and Wynne Stirling, Mathematical methods and algorithms for signal processing, 2000, Prentice Hall, 2000. New York.
- Proakis, Masoud Salehi, Digital Communications, 2008, 5thedition, John G. McGrawHill.
- T. Veerarajan, Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, 2009, 3rd edition, 3 McGrawHill.

Reference Books

- Gilbert Strang, Introduction to Linear Algebra, 2009, 4th edition, Wellesley-Cambridge
- E. Larsson, P. Stoica, Space time block coding for wireless communications, 2003, Cambridge University press.
- 3. P.P. Vaidyanadhan, Multirate systems and filter banks, 1993, Pearson India. Dimitris G. Manolakis, Vinay K. Ingle, Stephen M. Kogon, Statistical and adaptive signal processing: Spectral estimation, signal modelling, adaptive filtering and array processing, 2005, Artech House.
- Athanasios Papoulis, S Pillai , Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes, 2014 (reprint), 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Kishor S. Trivedi, Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing, and Computer Science Applications, 2016, 2nd Edition, John-Wiley & Sons.

Mode of Evaluation: CAT / Assignment / Quiz / FAT / Project / Seminar 09-03-2016 Recommended by Board of Studies Approved by Academic Council No. 40 Date 18-03-2016

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	Р.	I C
ENG5001	Fundamentals of Communication Skills	0	0	2 (
Pre-requisite	Not cleared EPT (English Proficiency Test)			s vei	
Tre requisite	Two cleared El 1 (English 110heleney 1est)	- Syll	ubu	.b (C)	1.0
Course Objectives	z:				1.0
	ers learn basic communication skills - Listening, Speaking.	Reading	ว and	1 Wr	itino
	apply effective communication in social and academic co		5 WIII	4 111	141115
	as comprehend complex English language through listenin		din	σ	
3. To make student	so comprehena compreh English language un ough instemn	5 4114 100		>	
Expected Course	Outcome:				
	ening and comprehending skills of the learners				
	g skills to express their thoughts freely and fluently				
	For effective reading				
	al correct sentences in general and academic writing				
	al writing skills like writing instructions, transcoding etc.,				
1	<u> </u>				
Module:1 Lister	ning	8	ho	urs	
Understanding Cor					
Listening to Speec					
Listening for Speci					
Module:2 Speak		4	ho	urs	
Exchanging Inform	•				
	ies, Events and Quantity				
Module:3 Read	•	6	6 ho	urs	
Identifying Inform	Č				
Inferring Meaning					
Interpreting text					
Module:4 Writin	ng: Sentence	8	ho	urs	
Basic Sentence Str	•	I.			
Connectives					
Transformation of	Sentences				
Synthesis of Senter					
Module:5 Writin		4	ho	urs	
Instructions	-				
Paragraph					
Transcoding					
	Total Lecture hours:	3	0 ho	urs	
Text Book(s)					
1. Redston, Chr	ris, Theresa Clementson, and Gillie Cunningham.	Face2fa	ce	Upp	er
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Student's Book, 2013, Cambridge University Press.			11	
Reference Books	·				
1 Chris Juzwiak	.Stepping Stones: A guided approach to writing sentences	and Par	agra	phs	
	on), 2012, Library of Congress.		_	-	
	nitcomb & Leslie E Whitcomb, Effective Interpersonal and	l Team			
	on Skills for Engineers, 2013, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Ho		New	Jers	sey.
	enk Eijkman &Ena Bhattacharya, New Media Comr				

	Engineers and IT Professionals, 2012, IGI Global, Hershey PA.	
4.	Judi Brownell, Listening: Attitudes, Principles and Skills, 2016, 5 th Edition, R	outledge: LIC A
5.	John Langan, Ten Steps to Improving College Reading Skills, 2014, 6 th Ed	
٥.	Press:USA	ition, Townsend
6.		nan Intanmadiata
0.	Redston, Chris, Theresa Clementson, and Gillie Cunningham. Face2face Up Teacher's Book. 2013, Cambridge University Press.	per intermediate
	reacher's book. 2015, Cambridge University Pless.	
	Authors, book title, year of publication, edition number, press, place	
Mod	de of Evaluation: CAT / Assignment / Quiz / FAT / Project / Seminar	
	of Challenging Experiments (Indicative)	
1.	Familiarizing students to adjectives through brainstorming adjectives with	2 hours
	all letters of the English alphabet and asking them to add an adjective that	
	starts with the first letter of their name as a prefix.	
2.	Making students identify their peer who lack Pace, Clarity and Volume	4 hours
	during presentation and respond using Symbols.	
3.	Using Picture as a tool to enhance learners speaking and writing skills	2 hours
4.	Using Music and Songs as tools to enhance pronunciation in the target	2 hours
	language / Activities through VIT Community Radio	
5.	Making students upload their Self- introduction videos in Vimeo.com	4 hours
6.	Brainstorming idiomatic expressions and making them use those in to their	4 hours
	writings and day to day conversation	
7.	Making students Narrate events by adding more descriptive adjectives and	4 hours
	add flavor to their language / Activities through VIT Community Radio	
8	Identifying the root cause of stage fear in learners and providing remedies	4 hours
	to make their presentation better	
9	Identifying common Spelling & Sentence errors in Letter Writing and other	2 hours
	day to day conversations	
10.	Discussing FAQ's in interviews with answers so that the learner gets a	2 hours
	better insight in to interviews / Activities through VIT Community Radio	
	Total Practical Hours	30 hours
	de of evaluation: Online Quizzes, Presentation, Role play, Group Discussions,	Assignments,
	ii Project	
	ommended by Board of Studies 22-07-2017	
App	proved by Academic Council No. 46 Date 24-8-2017	

Course Code	Course Title	L T P J C
ENG5002	Professional and Communication Skills	0 0 2 0 1
Pre-requisite	ENG5001	Syllabus version
		1.1
Course Objective		
	ents to develop effective Language and Communication Skill	S
	idents' Personal and Professional skills	
3. To equip the st	udents to create an active digital footprint	
Expected Course		
	-personal communication skills	
	lem solving and negotiation skills	
	es and mechanics of writing research reports	
	er public speaking and presentation skills	
5. Apply the acq	uired skills and excel in a professional environment	
Module:1 Per	rsonal Interaction	2 hours
	elf- one's career goals	•
Activity: SWOT		
		_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	terpersonal Interaction	2 hours
	nmunication with the team leader and colleagues at the work	place
Activity: Role Pla	sys/Mime/Skit	
	cial Interaction	2 hours
	dia, Social Networking, gender challenges	
Activity: Creating	g LinkedIn profile, blogs	
Module:4 Ré	cumó Writing	4 hours
	sumé Writing quirement and key skills	4 110015
	an Electronic Résumé	
Activity. 1 Tepare	an Electronic Resume	
Module:5 Int	terview Skills	4 hours
	terview, Group Discussions	4 Hours
	nterview and mock group discussion	
Module:6 Re	port Writing	4 hours
•	echanics of Writing	
Activity: Writing	a Report	
		_
Module:7 Stu	ıdy Skills: Note making	2hours
Summarizing the	•	
Activity: Abstract	t, Executive Summary, Synopsis	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	terpreting skills	2 hours
Interpret data in ta	5	
Activity: Transco	ding	
M 110 -	4 4 CU 11	4.3
Module:9 Pro	esentation Skills	4 hours

Oral Presentation using Digital Tools

Activity: Oral presentation on the given topic using appropriate non-verbal cues

Module:10 | **Problem Solving Skills**

4 hours

Problem Solving & Conflict Resolution

Activity: Case Analysis of a Challenging Scenario

Total Lecture hours: 30 hours

Text Book(s)

1. Bhatnagar Nitin and Mamta Bhatnagar, Communicative English For Engineers And Professionals, 2010, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books

- 1. Jon Kirkman and Christopher Turk, Effective Writing: Improving Scientific, Technical and Business Communication, 2015, Routledge
- 2. Diana Bairaktarova and Michele Eodice, Creative Ways of Knowing in Engineering, 2017, Springer International Publishing
- 3. Clifford A Whitcomb & Leslie E Whitcomb, Effective Interpersonal and Team Communication Skills for Engineers, 2013, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken: New Jersey.
- 4. ArunPatil, Henk Eijkman & Ena Bhattacharya, New Media Communication Skills for Engineers and IT Professionals, 2012, IGI Global, Hershey PA.

Mode of Evaluation: CAT / Assignment / Quiz / FAT / Project / Seminar **List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative)** SWOT Analysis – Focus specially on describing two strengths and two 2 hours 1. weaknesses Role Plays/Mime/Skit -- Workplace Situations 2. 4 hours 3. Use of Social Media – Create a LinkedIn Profile and also write a page or 2 hours two on areas of interest 4. Prepare an Electronic Résumé and upload the same in vimeo 2 hours Group discussion on latest topics 4 hours 5. Report Writing – Real-time reports 2 hours 6 Writing an Abstract, Executive Summary on short scientific or research 4 hours articles 8 Transcoding – Interpret the given graph, chart or diagram 2 hours Oral presentation on the given topic using appropriate non-verbal cues 4 hours 10 Problem Solving -- Case Analysis of a Challenging Scenario 4 hours **Total Laboratory Hours** 30 hours Mode of evaluation: : Online Quizzes, Presentation, Role play, Group Discussions, Assignments, Mini Project Recommended by Board of Studies 22-07-2017 Approved by Academic Council No. 47 Date 05-10-2017

Course Code	Course Title	L T P J C
GER5001	Deutsch für Anfänger	2 0 0 0 2
Pre-requisite	NIL	Syllabus version
		v.1

Course Objectives:

The course gives students the necessary background to:

- 1. Enable to read and communicate in German in their day to day life
- 2. Become industry-ready
- 3. Make them understand the usage of grammar in the German Language.

Expected Course Outcome:

The students will be able to

- 1. Create the basics of German language in their day to day life.
- 2. Understand the conjugation of different forms of regular/irregular verbs.
- 3. Understand the rule to identify the gender of the Nouns and apply articles appropriately.
- 4. Apply the German language skill in writing corresponding letters, E-Mails etc.
- 5. Create the talent of translating passages from English-German and vice versa and To frame simple dialogues based on given situations.

Module:1 3 hours

Einleitung, Begrüssungsformen, Landeskunde, Alphabet, Personalpronomen, Verb Konjugation, Zahlen (1-100), W-fragen, Aussagesätze, Nomen – Singular und Plural

Lernziel:

Elementares Verständnis von Deutsch, Genus- Artikelwörter

Module:2 3 hours

Konjugation der Verben (regelmässig /unregelmässig) die Monate, die Wochentage, Hobbys, Berufe, Jahreszeiten, Artikel, Zahlen (Hundert bis eine Million), Ja-/Nein- Frage, Imperativ mit Sie

Lernziel:

Sätze schreiben, über Hobbys erzählen, über Berufe sprechen usw.

Module:3 4 hours

Possessivpronomen, Negation, Kasus- AkkusatitvundDativ (bestimmter, unbestimmterArtikel), trennnbare verben, Modalverben, Adjektive, Uhrzeit, Präpositionen, Mahlzeiten, Lebensmittel, Getränke

Lernziel:

Sätze mit Modalverben, Verwendung von Artikel, über Länder und Sprachen sprechen, über eine Wohnung beschreiben.

Module:4 6 hours

Übersetzungen : (Deutsch – Englisch / Englisch – Deutsch)

Lernziel:

Grammatik – Wortschatz – Übung

Module:5 5 hours

Leseverständnis, Mindmap machen, Korrespondenz- Briefe, Postkarten, E-Mail

Lernziel:

Wortschatzbildung und aktiver Sprach gebrauch

Module:6					3 hours
Aufsätze:					
Meine Univ	versität, Das Essen, mein Fre	eund oder meine F	Freundin, n	neine Familie	, ein Fest in
Deutschlan	d usw				
Module:7					4 hours
Dialoge:					
	präche mit Familienmitglied				
	präche beim Einkaufen ; in e			Buchhandlun	ıg;
	inem Hotel - an der Rezeptic	on ;ein Termin be	eim Arzt.		
Treffen im	Cafe				
	1				
Module:8					2 hours
	ures/Native Speakers / Feir	nheiten der deuts	chen Spra	che, Basisinfo	ormation über die
deutschspra	chigen Länder				
			Total Lec	ture hours:	30 hours
Text Book					
	d A1 Deutsch als Fren	ndsprache, Hern	nann Fun	ık, Christina	a Kuhn, Silke
	ne: 2012				
Reference					
	erk Deutsch als Fremdsprach	he A1, Stefanie D	engler, Pai	ul Rusch, Hel	en Schmtiz, Tanja
Sieber,	•				
	e ,Hartmut Aufderstrasse, Ju				
	he Sprachlehrefür AUslände				
	nAktuell 1, HartmurtAufder	rstrasse, Heiko Bo	ock, Mecht	hildGerdes, J	utta Müller und
	t Müller, 2010				
	goethe.de				
	naftsdeutsch.de				
hueber					
_	orachen.de				
	leutschtraning.org		·		
	valuation: CAT / Assignmen		: / FAT		
	ded by Board of Studies	04-03-2016	Γ_	T	
Approved b	y Academic Council	41	Date	17-06-2016	

Course Coo	le Course Title	L T P J C
STS 5001	Essentials of Business Etiquette and problem solvir	ng 3 0 0 0 1
Pre-requisi	te None	Syllabus version
Course Ob	iectives:	
	evelop the students' logical thinking skills	
	earn the strategies of solving quantitative ability problems	
	nrich the verbal ability of the students	
	nhance critical thinking and innovative skills	
Expected C	Course Outcome:	
	bling students to use relevant aptitude and appropriate language to	express themselves
	ommunicate the message to the target audience clearly	•
3. The	students will be able to be proficient in solving quantitative aptitu	de and verbal ability
ques	tions of various examinations effortlessly	
Module:1	Business Etiquette: Social and Cultural Etiquette and Writin	g 9 hours
Wioduic.1	Company Blogs and Internal Communications and Planning	s / nours
	and Writing press release and meeting notes	
Value, Man	ners, Customs, Language, Tradition, Building a blog, Developing	brand message,
	essing Competition, Open and objective Communication, Two wa	0
Understandi	ng the audience, Identifying, Gathering Information, Analysis, De	etermining, selecting
plan, Progre	ess check, Types of planning, Write a short, catchy headline, Get to	o the Point –
summarize :	your subject in the first paragraph., Body – Make it relevant to you	ır audience,
Module:2	Study skills – Time management skills	3 hours
Module:2 Prioritizatio	Study skills – Time management skills n. Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin	3 hours
	n, Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin	
Prioritizatio adhering to	n, Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin deadlines	g under pressure and
Prioritizatio	n, Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin deadlines Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing	
Prioritizatio adhering to	n, Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin deadlines Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and	g under pressure and
Prioritizatio adhering to Module:3	n, Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin deadlines Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and Dealing with questions	g under pressure and 7 hours
Prioritizatio adhering to Module:3 10 Tips to p	n, Procrastination, Scheduling, Multitasking, Monitoring, workin deadlines Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and Dealing with questions repare PowerPoint presentation, Outlining the content, Passing the	7 hours e Elevator Test, Blue
Prioritizatio adhering to Module:3 10 Tips to p sky thinkin	Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and Dealing with questions repare PowerPoint presentation, Outlining the content, Passing the g, Introduction, body and conclusion, Use of Font, Use	7 hours e Elevator Test, Blue of Color, Strategic
Prioritizatio adhering to Module:3 10 Tips to p sky thinkin presentation	Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and Dealing with questions repare PowerPoint presentation, Outlining the content, Passing the g, Introduction, body and conclusion, Use of Font, Use Importance and types of visual aids, Animation to captivate your	7 hours e Elevator Test, Blue of Color, Strategier audience, Design o
Prioritizatio adhering to Module:3 10 Tips to p sky thinkin presentation posters, Set	Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and Dealing with questions repare PowerPoint presentation, Outlining the content, Passing the g, Introduction, body and conclusion, Use of Font, Use the ground rules, Dealing with interruptions, Staying out the ground rules, Dealing with interruptions, Staying the ground rules, Dealing with the g	7 hours e Elevator Test, Blue of Color, Strategior audience, Design of
Prioritizatio adhering to Module:3 10 Tips to p sky thinkin presentation posters, Set	Presentation skills – Preparing presentation and Organizing materials and Maintaining and preparing visual aids and Dealing with questions repare PowerPoint presentation, Outlining the content, Passing the g, Introduction, body and conclusion, Use of Font, Use Importance and types of visual aids, Animation to captivate your	7 hours e Elevator Test, Blue of Color, Strategior audience, Design of

Module:4 Quantitative Ability -L1 – Number properties and Averages and Progressions and Percentages and Ratios

Number of factors, Factorials, Remainder Theorem, Unit digit position, Tens digit position, Averages, Weighted Average, Arithmetic Progression, Geometric Progression, Harmonic Progression, Increase & Decrease or successive increase, Types of ratios and proportions

Module:5 Reasoning Ability-L1 – Analytical Reasoning 8 hours

Data Arrangement (Linear and circular & Cross Variable Relationship), Blood Relations, Ordering/ranking/grouping, Puzzle test, Selection Decision table

Mo	dule:6 Verbal Ability-L1 – Vocabulary Building	7 hours
Sy	nonyms & Antonyms, One-word substitutes, Word Pairs, Spellings, Idioms	, Sentence
co	mpletion, Analogies	
		T
	Total Lecture hours	45 hours
Ref	ference Books	
1.	Kerry Patterson, Joseph Grenny, Ron McMillan, Al Switzler, Crucial Con	versations: Tools
	for Talking When Stakes are High, 2001, McGraw-Hill Contemporary, Ba	ngalore.
2.	Dale Carnegie, How to Win Friends and Influence People, 1936, New	w York. Gallery
	Books	
3.	Scott Peck. M, Road Less Travelled. 1978, New York City.	
4.	FACE, Aptipedia Aptitude Encyclopedia, 2016. Delhi. Wiley publications	
5.	ETHNUS, Aptimithra, 2013, McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, Bangalore	•
We	ebsites:	
1.	www.chalkstreet.com	
2.	www.skillsyouneed.com	
3.	www.mindtools.com	
4.	www.thebalance.com	
5.	www.eguru.ooo	
Mo	de of Evaluation: FAT, Assignments, Projects, Case studies, Role plays, 3	Assessments with
	rm End FAT (Computer Based Test)	

Course Code	Course Title	L T P J C
STS5002	Preparing for Industry	3 0 0 0 1
Pre-requisite	None	Syllabus version
		1

Course Objectives:

- 1. To challenge students to explore their problem-solving skills
- 2. To develop essential skills to tackle advance quantitative and verbal ability questions
- 3. To have working knowledge of communicating in English

Expected Course Outcome:

- 1. Enabling students to simplify, evaluate, analyze and use functions and expressions to simulate real situations to be industry ready.
- 2. The students will be able to interact confidently and use decision making models effectively
- 3. The students will be able to be proficient in solving quantitative aptitude and verbal ability questions of various examinations effortlessly

Module:1 Interview skills – Types of interview and Techniques to face remote interviews and Mock Interview 3 hours

Structured and unstructured interview orientation, Closed questions and hypothetical questions, Interviewers' perspective, Questions to ask/not ask during an interview, Video interview, Recorded feedback, Phone interview preparation, Tips to customize preparation for personal interview, Practice rounds

Module:2	Resume skills – Resume Template and Use of power	2 hours
	verbs and Types of resume and Customizing resume	

Structure of a standard resume, Content, color, font, Introduction to Power verbs and Write up, Quiz on types of resume, Frequent mistakes in customizing resume, Layout - Understanding different company's requirement, Digitizing career portfolio

Module:3	Emotional Intelligence - L1 – Transactional Analysis and	12 hours
	Brain storming and Psychometric Analysis and Rebus	
	Puzzles/Problem Solving	

Introduction, Contracting, ego states, Life positions, Individual Brainstorming, Group Brainstorming, Stepladder Technique, Brain writing, Crawford's Slip writing approach, Reverse brainstorming, Star bursting, Charlette procedure, Round robin brainstorming, Skill Test, Personality Test, More than one answer, Unique ways

Module:4	Quantitative Ability-L3 – Permutation-Combinations	14 hours
	and Probability and Geometry and mensuration and	
	Trigonometry and Logarithms and Functions and	
	Quadratic Equations and Set Theory	

Counting, Grouping, Linear Arrangement, Circular Arrangements, Conditional Probability, Independent and Dependent Events, Properties of Polygon, 2D & 3D Figures, Area & Volumes, Heights and distances, Simple trigonometric functions, Introduction to logarithms, Basic rules of logarithms, Introduction to functions, Basic rules of functions, Understanding Quadratic Equations, Rules & probabilities of Quadratic Equations, Basic concepts of Venn Diagram

Module:5	Reasoning ability-L3 – Logical reasoning and Data	7 hours
	Analysis and Interpretation	
Syllogisms, Bina	ary logic, Sequential output tracing, Crypto arithmetic, Data Suff	ficiency, Data
interpretation-Ad	dvanced, Interpretation tables, pie charts & bar chats	
Module:6	Verbal Ability-L3 – Comprehension and Logic	7 hours
Reading compre	hension, Para Jumbles, Critical Reasoning (a) Premise and Conc	lusion, (b)
Assumption & In	nference, (c) Strengthening & Weakening an Argument	

Total Lecture hours: 45 hours

References

- **1.** Michael Farra and JIST Editors, Quick Resume & Cover Letter Book: Write and Use an Effective Resume in Just One Day, 2011. Saint Paul, Minnesota. Jist Works
- **2.** Daniel Flage Ph.D, The Art of Questioning: An Introduction to Critical Thinking, (2003), London. Pearson
- 3. FACE, Aptipedia Aptitude Encyclopedia, 2016, Wiley publications, Delhi.

Mode of Evaluation: FAT, Assignments, Projects, Case studies, Role plays, 3 Assessments with Term End FAT (Computer Based Test)

Course Code	Course Title	I		T	P	J	C
SET5001	SET5001 SCIENCE, ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY PROJECT- I						2
Pre-requisite		Sylla	bı	ıs '	Ver	sio	n
						1	.10
Course Objective	s:						
	te research culture e the rational and innovative thinking capabilities						
Expected Course	Outcome:						
0 14' 0							
On completion of	this course, the student should be able to:						
	this course, the student should be able to: oblems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs						
 Identify pr 	•						

5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check)

3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues

Individual or group projects can be taken up
 Involve in literature survey in the chosen field

Student Assessment : Periodical review	's, oral/poster pres	entation	
Recommended by Board of Studies	17-08-2017		
Approved by Academic Council	No. 47	Date	05-10-2017

4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified objective

SCIENCE, ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY PROJECT—II Pre-requisite Syllabus Version Course Objectives: 1. To provide opportunity to involve in research related to science / engineering 2. To inculcate research culture 3. To enhance the rational and innovative thinking capabilities Expected Course Outcome: On completion of this course, the student should be able to: 1. Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs 2. Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills 3. Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation Recommended by Board of Studies 17-08-2017	Cours	e Code	Course Title	L	T	PJ	C
Course Objectives: 1. To provide opportunity to involve in research related to science / engineering 2. To inculcate research culture 3. To enhance the rational and innovative thinking capabilities Expected Course Outcome: On completion of this course, the student should be able to: 1. Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs 2. Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills 3. Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation	SET50	002	1				2
Course Objectives: 1. To provide opportunity to involve in research related to science / engineering 2. To inculcate research culture 3. To enhance the rational and innovative thinking capabilities Expected Course Outcome: On completion of this course, the student should be able to: 1. Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs 2. Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills 3. Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation	Pre-re	equisite		Syllabi	us '	Versi	on
 To provide opportunity to involve in research related to science / engineering To inculcate research culture To enhance the rational and innovative thinking capabilities Expected Course Outcome: Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation							1.10
 To inculcate research culture To enhance the rational and innovative thinking capabilities Expected Course Outcome: On completion of this course, the student should be able to: Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	Cours						
 To enhance the rational and innovative thinking capabilities Expected Course Outcome: Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	1.		**	ring			
Expected Course Outcome: On completion of this course, the student should be able to: 1. Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs 2. Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills 3. Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation	2.	To inculcat	te research culture				
On completion of this course, the student should be able to: 1. Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs 2. Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills 3. Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation	3.	To enhance	e the rational and innovative thinking capabilities				
On completion of this course, the student should be able to: 1. Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs 2. Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills 3. Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation							
 Identify problems that have relevance to societal / industrial needs Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation	Expec	ted Course	Outcome:				
 Exhibit independent thinking and analysis skills Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	On coa	•					
 Demonstrate the application of relevant science / engineering principles Modalities / Requirements Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	1.						
Modalities / Requirements 1. Individual or group projects can be taken up 2. Involve in literature survey in the chosen field 3. Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues 4. Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object 5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation							
 Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	3.	Demonstra	te the application of relevant science / engineering principles				
 Individual or group projects can be taken up Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 							
 Involve in literature survey in the chosen field Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation	Moda						
 Use Science/Engineering principles to solve identified issues Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	1.						
 Adopt relevant and well-defined / innovative methodologies to fulfill the specified object Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation 	2.						
5. Submission of scientific report in a specified format (after plagiarism check) Student Assessment : Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation							
Student Assessment: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	ed o	object	ive
				ck)			
Recommended by Board of Studies 17-08-2017	Stude	nt Assessme	nt: Periodical reviews, oral/poster presentation				
	Recon	nmended by I	Board of Studies 17-08-2017				

No. 47

Date

05-10-2017

Approved by Academic Council

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6099	Masters Thesis	0	0	0	0	16
Pre-requisite	As per the academic regulations	Syllabus versi		ion		
		1.0				

Course Objectives:

To provide sufficient hands-on learning experience related to the design, development and analysis of suitable product / process so as to enhance the technical skill sets in the chosen field.

Expected Course Outcome:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Formulate specific problem statements for ill-defined real life problems with reasonable assumptions and constraints.
- 2. Perform literature search and / or patent search in the area of interest.
- 3. Conduct experiments / Design and Analysis / solution iterations and document the results.
- 4. Perform error analysis / benchmarking / costing
- 5. Synthesise the results and arrive at scientific conclusions / products / solution
- 6. Document the results in the form of technical report / presentation

Contents

Capstone Project may be a theoretical analysis, modeling & simulation, experimentation & analysis, prototype design, fabrication of new equipment, correlation and analysis of data, software development, applied research and any other related activities.

Project should be for two semesters based on the completion of required number of credits as per the academic regulations.

Should be individual project.

In case of group projects, the individual project report of each student should specify the individual's contribution to the group project.

Carried out inside or outside the university, in any relevant industry or research institution.

Publications in the peer reviewed journals / International Conferences will be an added advantage

Mode of Evaluation: Periodic reviews, Presentation, Final oral viva, Poster submission						
Recommended by Board of Studies 10-06-2015						
Approved by Academic Council No. 37 Date 16-06-2015						

Programme Core

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE5005	Advances in Wireless Networks	2	0	2	4	4
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syllabus versi		ion		
		1			1.0	

Course Objectives:

- 1. To teach the basics of wireless networks and its services from 1G to 5G.
- 2. To acquaint with 3GPP based wireless IP networks and its architecture.
- 3. To teach the operation of LTE network, IMS architecture, inter networking concepts, addressing and registration process in wireless networks.
- 4. To teach the significance of mobility management in next generation network and its QoS challenges.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Understand the different types of wireless standards and its services.
- 2. Comprehend the principles of 3GPP Packet Data Network Architecture, Packet Data Protocol (PDP) and accessing IP network through PS domain.
- 3. Comprehend the architecture of LTE network, protocol architecture and inter working with other RATs.
- 4. Comprehend the architecture of IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) and addressing procedure of IMS.
- 5. Analyze the mobility management IP based 3GPP and LTE networks.
- 6. Examine the OoS in Wireless IP networks.
- 7. Evaluate the performance of routing protocol, handover procedure and throughput of different network (3G and 4G Network) using Qualnet and NetSim tools.
- 8. Design and analyze the system parameters and QoS of next generation network using 3GPP and IEEE standards.

Module:1 Evolution of Wireless Standards

4 hours

Evolution of wireless networks and services, Introduction to 1G/2G/3G/4G/5G, Motivation for IP based wireless networks, Long Term Evolution (LTE), Technologies for LTE, Evolutions from LTE to LTE-A - WiMAX Evolution (IEEE 802.16 family), Cognitive radio (IEEE 802.22).

Module:2 | Wireless IP Network Architecture

6 hours

3GPP packet data networks, Network architecture, Packet Data Protocol (PDP), Context, Configuring PDP addresses on mobile stations, Accessing IP networks through PS domain.

Module:3 LTE Network Architecture

3 hours

LTE network architecture, Roaming architecture, Protocol architecture, Bearer establishment procedure, Inter, Working with other RATs

Module:4 | IP Multimedia Subsystem

4 hours

IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS), IMS architecture, Mobile station addressing for accessing the IMS, Registration and deregistration with the IMS, End-to-End signaling flows

Module:5 | **Mobility Management in IP and 3GPP**

6 hours

Basic issues in mobility management, Location management, Mobility management in IP networks, MIPv4 regional registration, SIP-based mobility management, Cellular IP, HAWAII,

	ility management in 3GPP packet networks, Packet Mobility Management in initiated by Packet-Switched Core Network	ent (F	PMM), Context-
Pugn	ig initiation by I were to whence core i fetwork		
Mod	ule:6 Mobility Management in LTE Networks		2 hours
	-LTE mobility, Inter-RAT mobility, Mobility over X2 interface		
	212 moomly, more rare moomly, moomly 6 (41 12 moonly)		
Mod	ule:7 Quality of Service		3 hours
	challenges in wireless IP Networks, QoS in 3GPP, QoS architectur	e. M	
_	es, QoS attributes, Management of End-to-End IP QoS, EPS bearen		_
netw	orks.		
Mod	ule:8 Contemporary issues:		2 hours
	Total Lecture hours:		30 hours
Text	Book(s)		
1.	Jyh-Cheng Chen, Tao Zhang, IP-Based Next-Generation Wireless	Net	works Systems.
-	Architectures, and Protocols, 2012, 2 nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New		
2.	StefaniaSesia, IssamToufik, Matthew Baker, LTE – The UMTS Long		
	Theory to Practice, 2011, 2 nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey.		
Refe	rence Books		
1.	Ayman ElNashar, Mohamed El-saidny, Mahmoud Sherif, Design	ı, D	eployment and
	Performance of 4G-LTE Networks: A Practical Approach, 2014, 1st Ed		
	Sons, New Jersey.		,
2.	Jonathan Rodriguez, Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks, 2015.	1 st	Edition, Wiley
	Publications, United States.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
3.	Savo Glisic, Advanced Wireless Networks: 5G Technology, 2016,	1 st	Edition, Wiley
	Publications, United States.		•
4.	http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/cse574-14/index.html		
Mod	e of Evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignment	its) &	k Final
Asse	ssment Test (FAT)		
List	of Challenging Experiments (Indicative)		
1.	Implement any two scheduling methods in LTE networks for var	ious	3 hours
	traffics and scenarios. Also, propose an improved scheduling from any	one	
	of those scheduling methods.		
2.	Develop UMTS architecture to route packet data from the user equipro	nent	3 hours
	to the IP network and evaluate the network performance in terms	of	
	throughput, delay and jitter.		
3.	Design an UMTS network to perform handoff between UE in a UM	1TS	3 hours
	network within a single SGSN and between two SGSNs		
4.	Evaluate the performance of the following routing protocols for low	and	3 hours
	high speed wireless networks:		
	(a) Bordercast Resolution Protocol (BRP)		
	(b) Location Aided Routing (LAR) Protocol		
	(c) Zone Routing Protocol (ZRP)		
5.	Design a 3G network to route data between same PLMN but between	two	3 hours
	different SGSN nodes and two different PLMN UMTS network		
6.	Design an UMTS network to study the routing effects of OSPF ver. 2	2 on	3 hours
	core network components (HLR, GGSN and SGSN)		
7.	Design a HSDPA network and evaluate its performance in terms	of	3 hours

8. Design a WiMAX network to evaluate the performance of mobility models					3 hours		
	namely, file based mobility and ra	ındom way point m	obility.				
9.	9. To analyse the performance (Energy Consumption and Delay) of						
	discontinuous reception in LTE networks (3GPP TS 36) for VoIP traffic.						
10.	10. To analyse the performance (throughput, delay, jitter and packet loss rate)						
	of LTE network under Type I and Type II relay.						
	Total laboratory hours						
Mod	Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT)						
Reco	Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015						
App	roved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-0	3-2016		

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE5010	Advanced Digital Communication	2	0	2	4	4
Pre-requisite	Nil	Sy	llabı	is v	ersi	on
					1	1.0

Course Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the concept of digital base-band data transmission through a band limited channel
- 2. To familiarize the student with concept of binary and M-ary band-pass modulation schemes.
- 3. To introduce the advanced channel coding techniques to minimize the probability of error.
- 4. To acquaint with the emerging trends in digital communication field.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Design matched filter for detection of digital signals in the presence of white Gaussian noise.
- 2. Design waveforms to overcome ISI in band-limited channels.
- 3. Design equalization circuits to overcome the effect of channel distortion.
- 4. Compute probability of error for binary digital modulation schemes in the presence of AWGN.
- 5. Extend the binary modulation schemes to M-ary modulation for symbols.
- 6. Design turbo and LDPC codes to overcome the effect of noise in the channel.
- 7. Use MATLAB and Simulink to experiment and experience the above digital modulation concepts.
- 8. Understand the IEEE standards research papers, replicate and extend those results.

Module:1 Introduction to Detection and Estimation Theory 4 hours

Detection of known signals in noise, Correlation receiver, Matched filter receiver, Detection of signals with unknown phase in noise. Minimum mean square error estimator, Maximum a posteriori estimator, Maximum likelihood estimation, Cramer Rao bound (CRB) for parameter estimation.

Module:2 | Baseband Transmission Techniques

3 hours

Digital transmission through band limited channels, Power spectrum of digitally modulated signals, Signal design for band limited channels, Band limited signal design for zero ISI, Band limited signal design for controlled ISI.

Module:3 | Baseband Reception Techniques

3 hours

Probability of error in detection of digital PAM, Eye pattern, Channel equalization, Linear Equalizers, Adaptive equalizers, Decision feedback equalizers, Fractionally spaced equalizers.

Module:4 | Binary Bandpass Modulation Schemes

5 hours

Binary modulation schemes, Coherent and non-coherent detection of binary modulation schemes, Performance analysis of binary modulation schemes under AWGN channel, Minimum Shift Keying (MSK), Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK).

Module:5 | M-ary Bandpass Modulation Schemes

5 hours

M-ary Phase Shift Keying, M-ary Quadrature Amplitude Modulation, M-ary Frequency Shift Keying, Performance analysis of M-ary modulation schemes under AWGN channel, Non-coherent detection of M-ary orthogonal signals, Carrier and timing recovery, Synchronization, Applications.

Ma	dulas	Trollis and Turks Codes	4 houng
	dule:6	Trellis and Turbo Codes	4 hours
		nal codes, Viterbi Decoder for convolutional codes, Set partition	
		oders, Turbo decoders, MAP decoder and Max-Log-Map decoder	der, irregular and
Asy	mmetri	c turbo codes.	
3.5		I DDG G I	4.7
	dule:7	LDPC Codes	4 hours
		OPC codes, Gallager construction of LDPC codes, Gallager based	decoding algorithm
for	LDPC (codes and its analysis, LDPC threshold, Irregular LDPC codes.	
		1	
Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues:	2 hours
		Total lecture hours:	30 hours
Tex	t Book		
1.	Simon	S. Haykin, Michael Moher, Communication Systems, 2012, 5 th Edi	tion, Wiley, India.
2.	Shu Li	n, Daniel J. Costello, Error Control Coding, 2011, 2 nd Edition, Pears	son Education, UK.
Ref	erence	Books	
1.	Marvi	n K. Simon, Sami M. Hinedi, William C. Lindsey, Digital Commun	ication Techniques:
		Design and Detection, 2015, 1 st Edition, Pearson Education, India.	-
2.		d J. Tervo, Practical Signals Theory with MATLAB Applications	s, 2013, 1 st Edition,
		India.	
3.	http://i	nptel.ac.in/courses/117101051/	
Mo		valuation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments	s) & Final
		t Test (FAT)	.,
		allenging Experiments (Indicative)	
1.		e digital communication system: Simulate a simple communicati	ion 4 hours
		which transmits a text message from the source to the destination	
		observe signals at different points of this communication system.	J
2.		Coding: Write a code which uses the below mentioned line codi	ing 4 hours
_,		ques to generate the baseband signal for the given text message. Als	•
		it the generated base band signal through AWGN channel. Analy	
		ect of channel noise on the reconstructed signal.	, ~ -
		Jnipolar	
	(b) I	•	
		Bipolar	
		Differential coding (Mark and Space)	
3.		ass Modulation: Write a code which uses below mentioned band pa	ass 4 hours
		ation techniques to generate the modulated signal for the given to	
		ge. Transmit the modulated signal through AWGN channel. Detect t	
		itted message using the suitable rules. Plot the necessary graphs.	
		BASK	
	` ,	BPSK	
	` /	BFSK	
	` ,	DPSK	
4.		pility of error analysis	6 hours
''		Consider a bit sequence of length 10,000. Modulate it with BPS	
		BASK, BFSK. Transmit the signal through AWGN channel. Vary to	
		SNR. Compare the theoretical and simulated probability of error.	
		Consider a bit sequence of length 10,000. Modulate it with BPS	SK.
		QPSK and 8-PSK. Transmit the signal through AWGN channel. Va	

	(c)	the SNR. Compare the theore Consider a bit sequence of I	ength 10,000. Me	odulate it with 16-0	QAM	
		and 64-QAM. Transmit the			y the	
	(4)	SNR. Compare the theoretical Consider a bit sequence of		2	1CV	
	(u)	Transmit the signal through.				
		the theoretical and simulated		•	тратс	
5.	Char		6 hours			
		Write a code to build the (3,	1, 3) repetition en	ncoder. Map the end	coder	
		output to BPSK symbols.	Transmit the sy	mbols through AV	VGN	
		channel. Investigate the error				
		repetition code by comparin	g its BER perfor	mance with and wi	thout	
	(1.)	using error correction code.	DED C	1	,•	
	(b)	Write a code to compare the				
		capability of (3, 1, 3) and (modulation and AWGN char				
		with the theoretical results.	illici. Also, comp	are the simulated re	Suits	
	(c)	Write a code to compare th	e performance of	f hard decision and	soft	
	()	decision Viterbi decoding al				
		AWGN channel.	_			
	(d)	Write a code to perform Trel			d M-	
		PSK systems using Ungerboo				
6.	_	tal Modulation using Simuli				6 hours
		wing modulation schemes wi	th Simulink. Obs	serve signals at diff	erent	
	•	ts of communication system. M-PAM				
	` /					
	, ,	M-PSK M-QAM				
	30 hours					
Mo	de of	evaluation: Continuous Asses	ssment & Final A	Total laboratory has ssessment Test (FA		
		ended by Board of Studies	13-12-2015	,		
App	orove	d by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03	3-2016

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	С
ECE5011	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	2	0	2	4	4
Pre-requisite Nil		Syllabus versio				ion
						1.0

Course Objectives:

- 1. To build advanced concepts in digital signal processing applicable for processing and analyzing random process.
- 2. To familiarize with Signal Modelling and development of recursion techniques.
- 3. To design optimal filters using IIR and FIR filtering techniques.
- 4. To acquaint the students with contemporary use and build DSP systems for real time problems.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Interpret the random processes in terms of stationarity, statistical independence and correlation.
- 2. Evaluate the theoretical and practical aspects of signal modelling based on computer algorithms.
- 3. Apply the mathematical concepts to design effective lattice system for random signal processing.
- 4. Design and implement the optimum filters using Weiner and Kalman techniques.
- 5. Extend the concepts of adaptive algorithms to non- stationary signals.
- 6. Apply different algorithms for computation of power spectral density for the random signals.
- 7. Solve the real time signal processing problems either with application of programming skills/hardware kit.
- 8. Design and implement advanced signal processing systems using the imbibed enhanced signal processing concepts

Module:1 Introduction

5 hours

Discrete-Time Signal Processing: Discrete-Time Signals, Discrete-Time Systems, Time-Domain Descriptions of LSI Filters, Discrete-Time Fourier Transform, and z-Transform, Special Classes of Filters, Filter Flow graphs, The DFT and FFT. Linear and Circular convolution.

Module:2 Discrete Time Random Processes

5 hours

Random Variables: Definitions, Ensemble Averages, Jointly Distributed Random Variables, Joint Moments, Independent, Uncorrelated and Orthogonal Random Variables, Linear Mean Square Estimation, Gaussian Random Variables Parameter Estimation: Bias and Consistency.

Random Processes: Review, auto-covariance and autocorrelation Matrices, Ergodicity, White Noise, Power Spectrum, Filtering Random Processes, Spectral Factorization.

Special Types of Random Processes: Autoregressive Moving Average Processes, Autoregressive Processes, Moving Average Processes, Harmonic Processes.

Module:3 | Signal Modelling

4 hours

Introduction, The Least Squares (Direct) Method, The Pad e Approximation, Prony's Method-Pole-Zero Modeling, Shank's Method. Stochastic Models: Autoregressive Moving Average Models, Autoregressive Models, Moving Average Models

Module:4 The Levinson – Durbin Recursion

3 hours

The Levinson-Durbin Recursion: Development of the Recursion, The Lattice Filter, Properties

Mo	dule:5	Optimal filters		4 hours					
		ener Filter: Filtering, Linear Prediction, Noise Cancellation, Lat	ttice Re						
	the FIR Wiener Filter.								
		iener Filter: Non-causal IIR Wiener Filter, The Causal IIR	Wiene	r Filter. Causal					
	Wiener Filtering, Causal Linear Prediction, Wiener Deconvolution.								
Mo	dule:6	Introduction Adaptive Filters		3 hours					
		lman Filter, steepest descent algorithm, LMS, RLS							
		7 1							
Mo	dule:7	Spectrum Estimation		4 hours					
		etric Methods Periodogram, The Modified Periodogram, Bart	lett's N						
		lackman-Tukey Approach: Periodogram Smoothing, Perfo							
		Methods- Autoregressive Spectrum Estimation, Moving		-					
		Autoregressive Moving Average Spectrum Estimation.							
	,								
Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues:		2 hours					
1,10			1	_ 110 4110					
		Total lecture hours:		30 hours					
Tes	kt Book(:		<u> </u>						
1.		Sanjit Kumar, Yong hong Kuo, Digital signal processing: a con	nnuter_	hased annroach					
1.	2013 4	th Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York.	iiputei	based approach,					
2.		1 H. Hayes, Statistical digital signal processing and modeli	ng 20	12 1st Edition					
۷.	Wiley,		ng, 20	12, 1 Luition,					
Dof	ference I								
1.		G. Lyons, Understanding digital signal processing, 2011,	3 rd F	dition Pearson					
1.		on, India.	, Ј Ц	amon, Tearson					
2.		reevideolectures.com/Course/3042/Advanced-Digital-Signal-Pro	ocessino	Υ					
		aluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignment							
		Test (FAT)	ciits) &	1 11161					
		llenging Experiments (Indicative)							
1.		ne experiments using TMS6713 Processor		10 hours					
1.		iterfacing a function generator with TMS 6713 Processor th	rough	10 flours					
		odec with sampling rate of 96 KHz and display of the signa							
		raph in CC-Studio in a time window of 256 samples.	ı us u						
	_	sterfacing a function generator with TMS 6713 Processor th	rough						
		odec with sampling rate of 96 KHz and display of the magn							
		pectrum of signal as a graph in CC-Studio for a time window of							
	_	imples by applying FFT for the samples.)1 2 00						
		IR-filtering (low/high/bandpass) of an audio input obtained th	rough						
		icrophone interface and output the result in the loud speaker.							
		R-filtering (low/high/bandpass) of an audio input obtained th	rough						
		icrophone interface and output the result in the loud speaker.	6						
2.		tion Experiments using Matlab		20 hours					
		ecimation and Interpolation of Band limited speech signa	l and						
		equency domain analysis.							
		eneration of various Random Processes MA, AR, ARMA.							
		nplementation of FIR and IIR Wiener Filter for separating the d	esired						
		gnal corrupted by AWGN and MSE calculation.							
		nplementation of digital Kalman filter.							
	/								

 (e) ECHO Cancellation. (f) Power spectrum estimation parametric method. (g) Power spectrum estimation non parametric method. (h) Implementation of Adaptive filter using LMS recursive algorithm. 							
Total laboratory hours							
Recommended by Board of Studies	13-12-2015						
Approved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016				

Course Code	Course Code Course Title				J	C
ECE5012	Advanced Antenna Engineering	3	0	2	0	4
Pre-requisite	Pre-requisite Nil		Syllabus version			
						1.1

Course Objectives:

- 1. To provide the essential knowledge of the antenna parameters and measurements.
- 2. To design antenna array using synthesize techniques.
- 3. To design the single element microstrip antenna and array with feeder network
- 4. To introduce the types of high impedance surface antennas for various applications.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Understand the radiation mechanism of antenna and to solve the numerical problems related to antenna parameters.
- 2. Design and interpret non uniform excitation coefficients using array synthesis techniques for minimum side lobe level.
- 3. Design and analyze rectangular and circular microstrip antenna with power divider network.
- 4. Understand the importance of defected ground structures and metamaterial surfaces and design high impedance surfaces.
- 5. Exploit the antennas for wireless communication and radar applications.
- 6. Comprehend the working of antenna for Software defined and cognitive radio.
- 7. Acquire knowledge on different computational techniques.

Module:1 Antenna Fundamentals

7 hours

Radiation Mechanism, antennas used in various applications and selection criteria, Antenna measurements using anechoic chamber - Radiation pattern, Radiation Intensity, Power gain, Directivity, impedance, Radiation efficiency, Polarization

Module:2 | Antenna Array Synthesis

8 hours

Fourier Transform - Woodward-Lawson Sampling - Schelkunoff Method- Dolph-Tchebyscheff - Taylor Line Source Method

Module:3 | Microstrip Antennas

6 hours

Basic characteristics, feeding methods, Methods of analysis – Transmission line model and cavity model - Design of Rectangular patch, Circular patch – Microstrip antenna array and feed network.

Module:4 | Antenna Design Techniques

6 hours

Antenna Design using Artificial Impedance Surface Metamaterial- Electromagnetic Band Gap-Defective Ground Structure - High Impedance Surface

Module:5 | **Antenna Applications –I**

6 hours

Integrated Antenna for wireless personal communication, mobile communication- Antenna design consideration for MIMO diversity systems - medical therapy

Module:6 | Antenna Applications- II

6 hours

Antenna for Software Defined Radio – Cognitive Radio- Electronic Warfare- Ground penetrating Radar

Module:7 | Computational Electromagnetic for Antennas

4 hours

Method of moments (MoM), Finite element method (FEM), Finite difference time domain method

(FD	(FDTD)							
Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues:				2 hours		
				Total lecture hour	rs:	45 hours		
Tex	kt Book(s)						
1.		alanis, Antenna Theory: An				India		
2.	C.A. B	alanis, Modern Antenna Ha	ndbook, 2012,	1 st Edition, Wiley, In	ndia			
Ref	ference I			•				
1.	W.L. S	tutzman and G.A. Thiele, A	ntenna Theory	and design, 2012, 3 ^r	^d Edition	n, Wiley, India		
2.	J. D. K	raus, Antennas and Wave p	ropagation, 201	12, 4 th Edition, McGr	aw Hill,	India.		
3.		Kumar, Saurabh Shukla,	Wave Propag	gation and Antenna	Engine	ering, 2016, 1 st		
	Edition	PHI, India						
4.	www.a	ntenna-theory.com						
Mo	de of ev	aluation: Internal Assessme	ent (CAT, Quiz	zes, Digital Assignm	nents) &	Final		
Ass	sessment	Test (FAT)						
Lis	t of Cha	llenging Experiments (Ind	licative)					
1.	Finding	the impedance of planar ar	nd non-planar a	antennas (Horn, micro	o strip,	4 hours		
		ic dish etc.)						
2.		and perform the electromag		on of dipole and mon	opole	4 hours		
		for wireless communication	•					
3.		terization of non-planar and		Videband antenna and	d	4 hours		
		n the electromagnetic simula						
4.		and perform the electrom				5 hours		
		and calculate the SAR per						
5.	_	and development of mic	ro strip patch	antenna for WLA	N and	4 hours		
		oth applications.						
6.		a array design using Matlab)			5 hours		
		Γaylor series method						
		Fourier Transform method						
7.				and characterizati	on of	4 hours		
	polarization properties of antenna							
	Total laboratory hours 30 hours							
	Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT)							
		led by Board of Studies	28-02-2016	1				
App	Approved by Academic Council No. 47 Date 05-10-2017							

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE5013	Fiber Optic Communication and Networks	2	0	2	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	Sy	llab	us v	vers	ion
						1.0

- 1. To acquaint the basic concepts of active and passive devices and its application in fiber optic networks.
- 2. To introduce the different types of optical amplifiers SOA, EDFA and RA with respect to operation principle and its applications.
- 3. To familiarize the theory of non-linearity and optics of anisotropic media and about the nonlinear effects like SRS, SBS, SPM, XPM, FWM and Solitons.
- 4. To introduce modulators like Electro optic and Acousto optic modulators used in optical transmission

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Apply the active, passive devices and optical amplifiers in optical networks.
- 2. Understand how nonlinear effects like SRS, SBS, SPM, XPM, FWM and Solitons can be used in optical fiber communications.
- 3. Explain the difference between modulators like Electro optic and Acousto optic modulators used in optical transmitters.
- 4. Analyze the receiver sensitivity and receiver noise, BER and eye pattern.
- 5. Determine Power and Rise time budgets and understand the different topologies of optical networks, WDM technology, CDMA and SCM.
- 6. Understand the SONET and Fiber to the home networks.
- 7. Design, analyze and evaluate fiber optical communication links

Module:1 Network Elements

4 hours

Optical and photonic device technology: Couplers, isolators, circulators, multiplexers and filters, active and passive optical switches, optical cross connects, wavelength selective cross connects, wavelength converters, filters: dielectric, AWG and fiber Bragg grating (FBG) devices, nonlinear optical fibers

Module:2 | Optical Amplifiers

2 hours

SOA, EDFA, Raman amplifier

Module:3 | **Nonlinear Effects**

4 hours

Phenomenological theory of nonlinearities, optics of anisotropic media, harmonic generation, mixing and parametric effects, two-photon absorption, saturated absorption and nonlinear refraction. Rayleigh, Brillouin and Raman scattering, self-focusing and self-phase-modulation, cross phase modulation, four-wave mixing, solitons.

Module:4 Optical Modulators

2 hours

Electro-optic effect and acousto optic effects, EO and AO modulators.

Module:5 Detection and receiver design

4 hours

Receiver sensitivity, bit error rate, eye pattern, minimum received power, quantum limit of photo detection. Receiver design: Front end, linear channel, decision circuit, integrated receivers. Noise in detection circuit: shot noise, thermal noise, concept of carrier to noise analysis.

Mo	Module:6 Network Architectures, Topologies and Multi-Channel 6 hours Systems 6 hours								
The	The end to end transmission path, loss and dispersion budgets in network designing, optical signal								
	flow and constraints, design of star, bus, mesh and ring topologies, multiplexing and multiple								
acce	access schemes: TWDM/MA, sub carriers, CDMA, capacity allocation for dedicated connections,								
den	demand assigned connections.								
	dule:7 Optical Networks 6 hours								
	Optical networks architecture, SONET/SDH optical network, WDM optical networks, wavelength-routed optical network, routing algorithms, network monitoring and management,								
		curity management, routing protocols, intelligent optical network (IOI							
		vers for next-generation optical networks.	(), 1 DD1, 1 1111,						
Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues	2 hours						
		Total lecture hours:	30 hours						
	t Book(
1.		eiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 2013, 5 th Edition, McGraw-Hill							
2.		c, M., Djordjevic. I. B., Advanced Optical Communication System	s and Networks,						
Dof	erence I	st Edition, Artech House, London.							
1.		maswami, K.N. Sivarajan, Morgan Kaufmann, Optical Netwo	rks A practical						
1.		etive, 2013, 2 nd Edition, Pearson Education, India.	iks A practical						
2.		grawal, Fiber Optic Communication Systems, 2012, 4 th Edition, Wiley	. India.						
3.		a Ram Murthy, Mohan Gurusamy, WDM optical networks conc							
	algorith	ıms, 2015, 1 st Edition, Pearson Education, India.							
4.		grawal, Nonlinear Fiber Optics, 2012, 5 th Edition, Academic Press, U							
5.	PHI, In								
6.		aminov, Tingye Li, Alan E.Wilner, Optical Fiber Telecommunicatio tworks, 2013, 6 th Edition, Academic Press, India.	ns VI B Systems						
7.		ogotraining.com/training/courses/20/fiber-optic-communications/							
Mo	de of ev	aluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments)	& Final						
Ass	essment	Test (FAT)							
T .									
		llenging Experiments (Indicative)	4.1						
1. 2.		on-linear effects – Four-wave mixing, Stimulated Brillouin Scattering wavelength division multiplexing with RAMAN amplifier	4 hours 3 hours						
3.		etwork Topology with OADM	3 hours						
4.		over fiber	4 hours						
5.		ace optical communication link	4 hours						
6.		Fiber optic link	4 hours						
7.									
8.									
		Total laboratory hours	30 hours						
		aluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT)							
		led by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	02.2016						
App	proved b	y Academic Council No. 40 Date 18-	-03-2016						

Programme Electives

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C	
ECE6010	High Performance Communication Networks	3	0	0	0	3	
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syllabus version					
						1.1	
Course Objectives							

- 1. To familiarize with OSI, TCP/IP reference model and various high speed networks.
- 2. To understand the protocols as well as design and performance issues associated with the functioning of LANs and WLANs.
- 3. To introduce Quality of Service protocols and their importance in analysing network performance.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. List and explain the functions of the OSI, TCP/IP reference models.
- 2. Understand and analyze the performance of various high speed networks.
- 3. Explain the importance of various congestion and traffic management techniques related to packet switching networks
- 4. Understand and analyze the performance of link level protocols.
- 5. Analyze the behavior of TCP and UDP protocols over WLAN.
- 6. Understand the performance of queuing models and issues related to OoS protocols.

Module:1 Network Services and Layered Architectures 8 hours Networking principles, Applications, Traffic characterization, Network elements, Basic network mechanisms, Open data network model, OSI, TCP, UDP and IP Models, Network architectures, Network bottlenecks.

Module:2 | **High Speed Networks** 8 hours Packet switching networks, Frame relay networks, ATM, High speed LAN, Ethernet, WLAN, DWDM, OBS, OPS.

Module:3 | Congestion and Traffic Management Congestion control in data networks, Effects of congestion, Traffic management, Congestion control in packet switching networks

Module:4 | Link level Flow, Error and Traffic Control 7 hours Need for flow and error control, Link control mechanisms, ARQ performance, TCP flow and congestion control.

Module:5	UDP-	-TCl	P/IP Prot	tocol S	tacl	k over V	WLAN	Ne	twork			6 h	ours	
UDP behav	iour c	over	WLAN,	Effect	of	access	based	on	RTS/CTS,	Beha	viour	of	TCP	over
WLAN. Influence of errors in UDP and TCP.														

Module:6	Integrat	Integrated and Differentiated Services						
Integrated	Services	Architecture	(ISA),	Queuing	discipline,	Random	early	detection,
Differentiat	ed services	3						

Module:7	Quality of Service Protocols	4 hours
Protocol for	r QoS support, Resource reservation: RSVP, MPLS, Real Time	Transport Protocol,

Page 39 M.TECH (MCE)

Sel	f-Config	uring techniques, Multichar	nnel protocols.					
Mo	Module:8 Contemporary issues 2 hours							
			,	Total lecture hours:	45 hours			
Tex	xt Book((s)		1 otal lectal o liours.	ic nours			
1.	1							
2.		Varland, Pravin Varaiya, Harcourt and Morgan Kau			etworks, 2011, 2 nd			
Ref	ference l	Books						
1.	Leon G USA.	racia, Widjaja, Communica	ation Networks, 20	011, 1 st Edition, McGr	aw Hill, New York,			
2.	3	e Prasad, Luis Munoz, WLA House, London.	ANs and WPANs	Towards 4G Wireles	s, 2013, 1 st Edition,			
3.	http://w	ww.2.ensc.sfu.ca\~ljilja\en	sc835\fall03\					
Mo		evaluation: Internal Asse		Quizzes, Digital Assi	gnments) & Final			
Ass	sessment	Test (FAT)	, ,					
Red	commen	ded by Board of Studies	28-02-2016					
Ap	Approved by Academic Council No. 47 Date 05-10-2017							

Course Code	Course Title				J	C
ECE6011	Mobile Adhoc Networks				0	3
Pre-requisite	Pre-requisite Nil			ous	vers	sion
						1.1

- 1. To acquaint the fundamental of adhoc wireless networks and cellular networks.
- 2. To design contention-based MAC protocols and routing protocols for adhoc networks.
- 3. To recognize the QoS frameworks, network security issues, energy management and paraphrase the mobile adhoc network towards WSN, VANET, WPAN.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Comprehend and analyze the deployment consideration and issues in adhoc network.
- 2. Classify the contention-based MAC protocols based on reservation and scheduling mechanism.
- 3. Compute the routing table for unicast routing protocols.
- 4. Comprehend and analyze the multicast routing protocols.
- 5. Recognize the quality of service solutions, security issue and energy management in adhoc networks.
- 6. Comprehend and analyze the architecture and data processing of wireless sensor network.

Module:1 Introduction

6 hours

Introduction to Cellular and Ad hoc wireless networks, Applications of ad hoc networks, Issues in ad hoc wireless networks, Medium access scheme, Routing, Multicasting, Transport layer protocols, Pricing scheme, Quality of Service provisioning, Self-organization, Security, Address and security discovery, Energy management, Scalability, Deployment considerations, Ad hoc wireless Internet

Module:2 | **MAC Protocols**

8 hours

Issues in designing a MAC Protocol for ad hoc wireless networks, design goals of a MAC Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of MAC Protocols, Contention based Protocols with Reservation mechanism, Contention Based MAC Protocols with Scheduling Mechanisms, Other MAC protocols

Module:3 Routing Protocols

8 hours

Design issues and classification, Table-driven, On-demand and Hybrid routing protocols, Routing protocols with efficient flooding mechanisms, Hierarchical and Power-aware routing protocol

Module:4 | Multicast Routing Protocols

8 hours

Design issues and operation, Architecture reference model, Classification, Tree-based and Mesh-based protocols, Energy-Efficient multicasting, Multicasting with Quality of Service guarantee, Application dependent multicast routing

Module:5 | Quality of Service and Security Issues

4 hours

Issues and challenges in providing QoS, Classification of QoS solutions, MAC layer solutions, Network layer solutions, QoS frameworks, Network security issues

Module:6 | Energy Management

4 hours

Need, Classification of battery management schemes, Transmission power management schemes, System power management schemes.

Module:7 Wireless Sensor Networks	5 hours					
Wireless Sensor Networks: Architecture, Data dissemination, Data gathering, MAC Protocols,						
Location discovery, Quality of a sensor network, Issues and current trends in I	MANETS, VANETS,					
WSN, 6LoWPAN						
Module:8 Contemporary issues	2 hours					
	T					
Total lecture hours:	45 hours					
Text Book(s)						
1. C. Siva Ram Murthy, B. S. Manoj, Ad-Hoc Wireless Networks: Architec	ctures and Protocols,					
2012, 1 st Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.						
Reference Books	at.					
1. C-K. Toh, AdHoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Protocols and Systems	, 2011, 1 st Edition,					
Prentice Hall, New Jersey.						
2. Mohammad Ilyas, The Handbook of AdHoc Wireless Networks, 2012, 1st	Edition, CRC press,					
Florida.						
3. Minoru Etoh, Next Generation Mobile Systems 3G and Beyond, 2011	, 1 st Edition, Wiley					
Publications, New Jersey.						
4. Savo Glisic, Advanced Wireless Communications 4G Technologies, 2013	3, 1 st Edition, Wiley					
Publications, New Jersey.						
5. <u>http://www.ece.rochester.edu/courses/ECE586/index.htm</u>						
Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final						
Assessment Test (FAT)						
Recommended by Board of Studies 28-02-2016						
Approved by Academic Council No. 47 Date	05-10-2017					

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6012	Modern Wireless Communication Systems	3	0	0	4	4
Pre-requisite	isite Nil			us v	vers	sion
						1.0

- 1. To introduce the fundamentals and limitations of wireless channels imposed on communication systems.
- 2. To understand the principles and importance of spread spectrum and multicarrier communication in the context of wireless communication.
- 3. To identify the role of diversity and MIMO techniques in combating the effect of fading and maximizing the capacity.
- 4. To cognize the most recent trends in the broad area of wireless communication.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Describe the effect of large scale fading on signal transmission
- 2. Characterize and model the wireless channel in terms of small scale fading parameters
- 3. Design and implement diversity coding techniques to overcome the effect of fading
- 4. Apply the theory of probability and random processes in the design of baseband CDMA system
- 5. Design the transmitter and receiver blocks of OFDM for better transmission through multipath channel
- 6. Design and solve specific problems in advanced technologies like massive MIMO, HetNet, millimeter wave communication and standards like LTE, LTE-A etc.
- 7. Design spatial multiplexing schemes and low-complexity receivers to maximize the spectral efficiency

Module:1 | Large-Scale Path Loss

6 hours

Propagation of EM signals in wireless channel, Reflection, Diffraction and scattering, Free space propagation model, Two ray ground reflection model, Log-distance path loss model, Log-normal shadowing, Outdoor propagation models, Longley-Rice model, Okumura model, Hata model, COST-231, Link power budget analysis.

Module:2 | Small-Scale Fading and Multipath

4 hours

Parameters of mobile multipath channels, Types of small scale fading, Rayleigh and Rician distributions, Jakes Doppler spectrum.

Module:3 | Diversity Techniques

5 hours

Condition for deep fading, Probability of error analysis under fading channel, Time diversity, Repetition codes, Frequency diversity, Spatial diversity techniques, Analysis of BER of multi antenna system, Diversity order.

Module:4 | Spread Spectrum Techniques

6 hours

Introduction to spread spectrum, Orthogonal spreading codes, Benefits of spreading (Jamming Margin, Graceful degradation, Universal frequency reuse, Multipath diversity), Multi user CDMA, Performance analysis of CDMA downlink with multiple users, Performance analysis of CDMA uplink with multiple users, Asynchronous CDMA, Near far problem, Power control, CDMA receiver synchronization, Introduction to MC-CDMA.

Module:5 OFDM 8 hours

Introduction to multicarrier modulation, Importance of cyclic prefix, Adaptive modulation and coding techniques. OFDM issues, PAPR, Frequency and timing offset, ICI mitigation techniques, Introduction to SC-FDMA-PAPR analysis with localized and interleaved schemes.

Module:6 | Physical Layer Aspects of LTE and LTE-A

5 hours

Requirements and targets of LTE, Introduction to downlink physical layer design, Transmission resource structure, Synchronization and cell search, Reference signals and channel estimation, Cell specific reference signal generation, UE specific reference signal generation, Downlink physical data and control channels, Link adaptation, Introduction to uplink physical layer design, Carrier aggregation, HARQ, Relaying strategies and benefits.

Module:7 | **MIMO** and **Recent Trends**

9 hours

Spatial multiplexing, Decomposition of MIMO channel, Pre-coding, Optimal MIMO power allocation, MIMO beamforming, Nonlinear MIMO receivers-V-BLAST, D-BLAST, Requirements of 5G, Drawbacks of OFDM, Introduction to Filter Bank Multicarrier System (FBMC), Massive MIMO, Millimeter wave technology, Dense network, Cognitive radio technology, Smart antennas, Multi-hop relay networks.

Module:8 | Contemporary issues

2 hours

Total lecture hours:	45 hours
-----------------------------	----------

Text Book(s)

1. Aditya K. Jagannatham, Principles of Modern Wireless Communications Systems, 2015, 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, India.

Reference Books

- 1. Simon Haykin, Michael Moher, Modern Wireless Communications, 2011, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, India.
- 2. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/117104099/

Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final Assessment Test (FAT)

Typical Projects:

- 1. Implementation of Jakes Rayleigh fading channel model
- 2. Consider the following extended vehicular: a channel power delay profile. Write a code to model the given profile. Also, measure the channel capacity. Compare the obtained capacity to that without fading channel.

Delay (ns)	Power (dB)
0	0
30	-1.5
150	-1.4
310	-3.6
370	-0.6
710	-9.1
1090	-7
1730	-12
2510	-16.9

3. Probability of error analysis for higher order modulation schemes under fading channel

- 4. Inter Carrier Interference (ICI) mitigation in OFDM system
- 5. Study and analysis of peak to average power ratio (PAPR) reduction schemes in OFDM system
- 6. Study and analysis of peak to average power ratio (PAPR) using SC-FDMA
- 7. Channel estimation schemes for OFDM system
- 8. Study and analysis of beamforming schemes for MIMO system
- 9. Study and analysis of diversity schemes for MIMO system
- 10. Implementation of SFBC-OFDM
- 11. Implementation of antenna selection schemes for MIMO system
- 12. Study and analysis of channel estimation schemes for MIMO system
- 13. Design of filters for filter bank multicarrier system
- 14. Estimation of angle of arrivals in MIMO system
- 15. Implementation of small cell placement schemes for dense network
- 16. Implementation of path selection algorithms for multi-hop relay networks
- 17. Implementation of Maximum likelihood true parameter estimator for wireless sensor networks
- 18. Implementation spectrum sensing algorithms for cognitive radio
- 19. Implementation of spectrum handoff algorithms for cognitive radio
- 20. Study and analysis of CFO estimation algorithms for OFDM systems

Mode of evaluation: Review I, II and III.						
Recommended by Board of Studies	13-12-2015					
Approved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016			

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6013	Modeling of Wireless Communication Systems	3	0	2	0	4
Pre-requisite	Nil	S	yllab	us v	vers	sion
						1.1

- 1. To understand the necessity of modeling and simulation approach.
- 2. To provide an introduction to different error sources, impairments and performance metrics.
- 3. To determine the type and appropriate model of wireless fading channel based on the system parameters and the property of the wireless medium.
- 4. To understand different queuing models for communication and networking applications.

Course Outcome:

- 1. Apply simulation approach to evaluate the performance of a communication system
- 2. Apply the theory of random processes in modelling the wireless communication system
- 3. Estimate the bit error rate using Monte Carlo simulations and validate the simulations using bounds and approximations
- 4. Evaluate the performance of communication system in terms of performance metrics like bit error rate, outage probability etc.
- 5. Model multipath fading channels that are used in the performance analysis of wireless standards like GSM, WCDMA, LTE, Wi-Fi, WiMAX etc.
- 6. Apply queueing models to design cellular network with given quality of service constraints
- 7. Design as well as conduct experiments, analyze and interpret the results to provide valid conclusions for wireless communication using MATLAB tool.

Module:1 Introduction to simulation approach

4 hours

Simulation approach, Advantages and limitations, Methods of performance evaluation, Error sources in simulation, Role of simulation in communication systems.

Module:2 Fundamentals of Random Variables and Random Processes for Simulation 6 hours

Introduction to random variables (continuous and discrete), Univariate and Bivariate models, Transformation of random variables, Moments, Central moments, Characteristic function, Moment generating function, Stationarity, Wide sense stationary, Ergodicity, auto correlation, Power spectral density, Cross correlation, Sampling of stationary random processes.

Module:3 Bounds and approximations

3 hours

Chebyshev's inequality, Chernoff bound, Union bound, Central limit theorem, Approximate computation of expected values.

Module:4 | **Monte Carlo simulations**

6 hours

Variations of Monte Carlo Simulation, Random number generation, Generating independent random sequences, Generation of correlated random sequences, Testing of random number generators.

Module:5 | System Modeling

8 hours

Modeling the information sources, Source coding, Channel coding, Baseband modulation, Multiplexing, Multiple access, Band pass modulation, Detection, Equalization, Carrier and timing recovery for BPSK and QPSK, Performance analysis of communication system under noisy channel conditions.

Mo	dule:	6 Channel Modeling	8 hours
Lar	ge so	ale fading models, Small scale fading models, Types of fading	g, Parameters
		zing fading, Rayleigh fading, Jakes model, Clarke's model, Path loss m	
		lax networks, Performance analysis of communication systems under f	ading channel,
Per	forma	nce analysis of communication systems with MIMO.	
	dule:		8 hours
		n models, Basic queuing models, M/G/1 queuing system, Pollaczek-Khi	
		of queues, Fundamentals of teletraffic theory, blocked call cleared syste	m, blocked call
dela	iyed s	ystem, Queuing theory for teletraffic modeling.	
3.5			
Mo	dule:	8 Contemporary issues	2 hours
		Total lastuma havens	45 houng
Trans	4 D	Total lecture hours:	45 hours
	t Boo		n Dringinles of
1.		am H. Tranter, K. Sam Shanmugan, T. S Rappaport, Kurt L. Kosba munication System Simulation with Wireless Applications, 2011, 1st E	
		Press, USA.	antion, Premice
2.		J. Sadiku, S. M. Musa, Performance Analysis of Computer Networks, 2	013 1st Edition
۷.		ager, Switzerland.	ors, r Lamon,
Ref		e Books	
1.		G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi, Gerhard Bauch, Contemporary Communi	ication Systems
1.	using	g MATLAB, 2013, 3 rd Edition, Nelson Engineering, Canada.	euron Systems
2.		//web.stanford.edu/class/ee359/lectures.html	
3.		//www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/cse567-15/index.html	
	_	evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignm	nents) & Final
		ent Test (FAT)	,
		hallenging Experiments (Indicative)	
1.	Com	putation of Probability Mass (Density) Function (PMF or PDF)	2 hours
		rate 1000 sample points of real numbers uniformly distributed between	
	'0' a	nd '1'.	
	(a)	Let X be Random Variable (RV) taking values '0' &'1'. X=0	
		corresponds to the sample points whose values are less than 0.5. X=1	
		corresponds to the sample points whose values are between 0.5 and 1.	
		Draw the probability mass function of the RV, X.	
	(b)	Repeat part (i) for RV 'Y' taking values 0, 1&2.	
		0: sample values between 0 & 1/3	
		1: sample values between 1/3 & 2/3	
	~	2: sample values between 2/3 & 1.	
2.		putation of PDF and Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF)	2 hours
	(a)		
		Also, compute and show it by graph, the binomial CDF.	
	(b)	The pdf of the Gaussian RV is given as $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-x^2}{2}}, -\infty < x < \infty$.	
		Draw $f_x(x) -3 < x < 3$ for 'x' in steps of 0.05. Develop and draw the	
		CDF of the above function.	
3.	Gene	ration of Histogram of Uniform RV	2 hours
	(a)	Generate 1000 sample points of real numbers uniformly distributed	

between 0 & 1. Compute the Histogram of the above sample points (Take 10 uniform steps between 0 & 1). Redraw the histogram when the sample points are increased to 2000. Also observe it when the steps are increased from 10 to 20. Compare your results with built in Matlab function. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a uniform RV taking values between 0 & 2π. Generate the new RV., Plot the pdf of Y. Compare this with the theoretical result. 4. Generation of Histogram of Gaussian RV (a) Redo the steps given in 3 (i) with Matlab function 'rand' replaced by 'randn'. (b) Write a Matlab script to compute the mean, mean square, variance and standard deviation for the RVs given in the tasks 4 & 5 and display them on the command prompt. Compare your results with the built in functions. 5. Transformation of Uniform pdf to exponential and Rayleigh pdfs (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i). exponential pdf (ii). Pastyleigh pdf (iii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Yand compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i). Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X and Y with μ = 0 and σ² = 1. Generate new random variables, X			
 (b) Generate 1000 samples of a uniform RV taking values between 0 & 2π. Generate the new RV,. Plot the pdf of Y. Compare this with the theoretical result. 4. Generation of Histogram of Gaussian RV (a) Redo the steps given in 3 (i) with Matlab function 'rand' replaced by 'randn'. (b) Write a Matlab script to compute the mean, mean square, variance and standard deviation for the RVs given in the tasks 4 & 5 and display them on the command prompt. Compare your results with the built in functions. 5. Transformation of Uniform pdf to exponential and Rayleigh pdfs (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i). exponential pdf (ii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Yand compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i). Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ=0 and σ²=1. Generate new random variables, Z =√x²+Y² and θ=Tan¹(Y/X). Draw their pdfs and compare with the theoretical results. (ii). Now add a constant value of 5 to the samples of R.V., X and solve the above problem again. 6. Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of LMS adaptive equalizer for ISI mitigation 7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain 3 hours 		the sample points are increased to 2000. Also observe it when the steps are increased from 10 to 20. Compare your results with built in Matlab	
 4. Generation of Histogram of Gaussian RV (a) Redo the steps given in 3 (i) with Matlab function 'rand' replaced by 'randn'. (b) Write a Matlab script to compute the mean, mean square, variance and standard deviation for the RVs given in the tasks 4 & 5 and display them on the command prompt. Compare your results with the built in functions. 5. Transformation of Uniform pdf to exponential and Rayleigh pdfs (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i). exponential pdf (ii). Rayleigh pdf (iii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Yand compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i). Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ=0 and σ²=1. Generate new random variables, Z=√x²+Y² and θ=Tan¹¹(√x/X). Draw their pdfs and compare with the theoretical results. (ii). Now add a constant value of 5 to the samples of R.V., X and solve the above problem again. 6. Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of LMS adaptive equalizer for ISI mitigation 7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transseeiver chain 		(b) Generate 1000 samples of a uniform RV taking values between 0 & 2π . Generate the new RV,. Plot the pdf of Y. Compare this with the	
 (a) Redo the steps given in 3 (i) with Matlab function 'rand' replaced by 'randn'. (b) Write a Matlab script to compute the mean, mean square, variance and standard deviation for the RVs given in the tasks 4 & 5 and display them on the command prompt. Compare your results with the built in functions. 5. Transformation of Uniform pdf to exponential and Rayleigh pdfs (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i) exponential pdf (ii). Rayleigh pdf (iii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Yand compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i) Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ=0 and σ²=1. Generate new random variables, Z = √(X²+Y²) and 0 = Tan⁻¹(Y/X). Draw their pdfs and compare with the theoretical results. (ii) Now add a constant value of 5 to the samples of R.V., X and solve the above problem again. 6. Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of matched filter receiver (c) Pulse shaping with Raised cosine and square root raised cosine filters (d) Implementation of LMS adaptive equalizer for ISI mitigation 7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain 	1		4 hours
 (b) Write a Matlab script to compute the mean, mean square, variance and standard deviation for the RVs given in the tasks 4 & 5 and display them on the command prompt. Compare your results with the built in functions. 5. Transformation of Uniform pdf to exponential and Rayleigh pdfs (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i). exponential pdf (ii). Rayleigh pdf (iii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Y and compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i). Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ=0 and σ²=1. Generate new random variables, Z = √X²+Y² and θ=Tan⁻¹(X/X). Draw their pdfs and compare with the theoretical results. (ii). Now add a constant value of 5 to the samples of R.V., X and solve the above problem again. 6. Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of matched filter receiver (c) Pulse shaping with Raised cosine and square root raised cosine filters (d) Implementation of LMS adaptive equalizer for ISI mitigation 7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes 8. Error correction coding: (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transeciver chain 	4.	(a) Redo the steps given in 3 (i) with Matlab function 'rand' replaced by	4 nours
 (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i). exponential pdf (ii). Rayleigh pdf (iii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Y and compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i). Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ=0 and σ²=1. Generate new random variables, Z = √x²+Y² and θ=Tan⁻⁴(Y/x). Draw their pdfs and compare with the theoretical results. (ii). Now add a constant value of 5 to the samples of R.V., X and solve the above problem again. 6. Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of matched filter receiver (c) Pulse shaping with Raised cosine and square root raised cosine filters (d) Implementation of LMS adaptive equalizer for ISI mitigation 7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 8. Error correction coding: (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain 		(b) Write a Matlab script to compute the mean, mean square, variance and standard deviation for the RVs given in the tasks 4 & 5 and display them on the command prompt. Compare your results with the built in	
6. Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of matched filter receiver (c) Pulse shaping with Raised cosine and square root raised cosine filters (d) Implementation of LMS adaptive equalizer for ISI mitigation 7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain 6 hours 6 hours 7 hours	5.	 Transformation of Uniform pdf to exponential and Rayleigh pdfs (a) Generate 1000 sample points of uniform pdf. Use appropriate transformation to convert uniform pdf to (i). exponential pdf (ii). Rayleigh pdf (iii). Draw their corresponding pdf curves. (b) Generate 1000 samples of a 'Gaussian' random variable X. Use the transformation Y=X². Draw the pdf of Y and compare it with theoretical results. (c) Consider the following: (i). Generate 1000 samples for two independent Gaussian random variables, X and Y with μ=0 and σ²=1. Generate new random variables, Z=√X²+Y² and θ=Tan⁻¹(Y/X). Draw their pdfs and compare with the theoretical results. (ii). Now add a constant value of 5 to the samples of R.V., X and 	4 hours
7. Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation schemes 8. Error correction coding: (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain 4 hours 4 hours 3 hours	6.	Baseband Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) Spectral analysis of various line coding techniques (b) Implementation of matched filter receiver (c) Pulse shaping with Raised cosine and square root raised cosine filters	6 hours
8. Error correction coding: (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes (c) Turbo encoder design 9. Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain 3 hours 3 hours	7.	Band-pass Transmission and Reception schemes: (a) BER, capacity and outage analysis of different modulation schemes (theoretical and simulated) (b) Maximum likelihood detector design for higher order modulation	4 hours
9. Multiple Access schemes: 3 hours (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain	8.	Error correction coding: (a) Coding gain comparison between different codes (b) Time diversity with repetition codes	3 hours
	9.	Multiple Access schemes: (a) OFDMA Transceiver chain	3 hours

	T	otal laboratory h	ours	30 hours			
Mode of evaluation: Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test							
(FAT)							
Recommended by Board of Studies	28-02-2016						
Approved by Academic Council	No. 47	Date	05-10	-2017			

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6014	Modern Satellite Communication	3	0	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	Sy	Syllabus version		ion	
						1.0

- 1. To exemplify in depth knowledge of Satellite communication system.
- 2. To have a detailed understanding of the critical RF parameters in satellite transceiver and their effects on performance.
- 3. To have a detailed understanding of the fundamental theory and concepts of the Global Positioning and inertial navigation System.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Design the orbital and functional metrics of satellite communication systems.
- 2. Design the link budget for satellite services and analyze various parameters of transmitted and received signals through satellite.
- 3. Analyze user position using GPS pseudo-range data and error sources for GPS position calculations.
- 4. Analyze strap down inertial navigation systems including coordinate frames, attitude representation, and mechanization in various coordinate frame.
- 5. Develop a location based service using external data sources and services, web mapping and aspects of mobile technology.
- 6. Analyze the estimation techniques for integration of remote sensing sensors in an optimal navigation system.

Module:1Introduction to Satellite Communication7 hoursOverview of satellite communications, Types of satellites, Kepler's three laws of planetary
motion, Orbital elements, Look angle determination, Orbital pert5 hours

Module:2 | Launch and Satellite Systems

6 hours

Launch vehicles, Launching techniques, Orbital effects in satellite communication systems performance, Satellite subsystems, Satellite constellations

Module:3 | Global Navigation Satellite System

7 hours

Global Navigation Satellite Systems, Basic concepts of GPS, Space segment, Control segment, user segment, GPS constellation, GPS measurement characteristics, Selective availability, Anti spoofing (AS). Applications of satellite and GPS for 3D position, Velocity, determination as function of time, Regional navigation systems

Module:4 Inertial Navigation

7 hours

Introduction to Inertial Navigation, Inertial sensors, Navigation coordinates, System implementations, System, Level error models, introduction to Differential GPS, LADGPS, WADGPS, WAAS, GEO Uplink Subsystem (GUS), Clock steering algorithms, GEO orbit determination

Module:5 | Location Applications

2 hours

Distress and safety, Cospas, Sarsat, Inmarsat distress system, Location-based service, Problems

Module:6 | Sensors, Remote Sensing Systems and Techniques

8 hours

Overview of sensors, Optical sensors: cameras, Non-Optical sensor, Image processing, Image

interpretation, System characteristics.

Introduction to remote sensing systems, Commercial imaging, Digital globe, GeoEye, Meteorology, Meteosat, Land observation, Landsat, Remote sensing data

Module:7 | Broadcast Systems

6 hours

Introduction, Satellite radio systems, XM satellite radio inc., Sirius satellite radio, World space, Direct multimedia broadcast, MBCO and TU multimedia, European initiatives, Direct To Home (DTH) television, Implementation issues, DTH Services, representative DTH Systems, Military multimedia broadcasts, US Global Broadcast Service (GBS), Business TV(BTV), GRAMSAT, Specialized services, Email, Video conferencing, Internet.

Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues			2 hours
				Total lecture hours	: 45 hours
Tex	xt Book(s)			
1.		ler S. Grewal, Lawrence F			
		Navigation, and Integration			
2.	T. Prat	t, C.W. Boastian, Jeremy	Allnutt, Satellite	Communication, 2013	, 2 nd Edition, John
	Wiley	& Sons, New Jersey.			
Ref	ference l	Books			
1.	Madha	vendra Richaria, Mobile Sa	atellite Commun	ications: Principles and	1 Trends, 2014, 2 nd
	Edition	, John Wiley & Sons, New	Jersey.		
2.		dy, Satellite Communicatio		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3.	W.L. P	ritchard, H.G Suyderhoud,	Satellite Comm	nunication Systems Eng	ineering, 2011, 2 nd
		, Pearson Education, United			
4.	Tri T. I	Ha, Digital Satellite Commu	inications, 2011,	2 nd Edition, McGraw H	ill, New York.
5.	http://w	<u>/ww.satcom.co.uk/</u>			
Mo	de of	evaluation: Internal Asse	ssment (CAT,	Quizzes, Digital Assi	gnments) & Final
Ass	sessment	Test (FAT)			
Rec	commend	led by Board of Studies	13-12-2015		
App	proved b	y Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016

Course Code Course Title		L	T	P	J	C
ECE6015	Coding for MIMO Communication	3	0	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	Sy	llab	us v	vers	ion
						1.1

- 1. To understand the importance of MIMO for next generation networks.
- 2. To identify the role of different diversity formats and spatial multiplexing in combating the effect of fading and maximizing transmission capacity.
- 3. To provide an introduction to advanced MIMO concepts like multi-user MIMO, massive MIMO and SM-MIMO for next generation communication.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Characterize and model the MIMO wireless channel
- 2. Design and implement diversity coding techniques to overcome the effect of fading
- 3. Design optimal power allocation algorithms to maximize the system capacity
- 4. Assemble different forms of diversity to improve the error performance
- 5. Design low-complexity, linear and non-linear receivers
- 6. Evaluate the performance of concatenated codes for MIMO communication

Module:1 Introduction to MIMO and Wireless Channel

6 hours

Introduction, Multi antenna systems, Array gain, Diversity gain, Data pipes, Spatial multiplexing, Wireless channel, MIMO system model.

Module:2 | Diversity Techniques

6 hours

Diversity, Types, Selection diversity, Scanning diversity, Maximum ratio combining, Equal gain combining, Calculation of SNR.

Module:3 | Capacity of MIMO Channel

6 hours

MIMO system capacity, Channel unknown to the transmitter, Channel known to the transmitter, Water pouring principle, Capacity when channel is known to the transmitter, Deterministic channels.

Module:4 | Space Time Block Coding

6 hours

Transmit diversity with two antennas: Alamouti scheme, STBC for real signal constellation, STBC for complex signal constellation, Decoding of STBC-OSTBC, Capacity of OSTBC.

Module:5 | Space Time Trellis Codes

7 hours

Space Time Coded system, Design of space time trellis coded on slow fading channel, Error probability of slow fading channel, Design of space time trellis codes on fast fading channels, Error probability of fast fading channels, Comparison of STBC and STTC.

Module:6 | Layered Space Time Codes

6 hours

LST transmitters: Types of encoding, Horizontal encoding, Vertical encoding, Diagonal encoding, Layered Space-Time coding design criteria, Performance analysis of HLST, VLST and DLST systems, Code design criteria, Receivers for LST systems, Iterative receivers.

Module:7 | Concatenated Codes and Iterative Decoding

6 hours

Development of concatenated codes, Concatenated codes for AWGN and MIMO channels, Turbo coded modulation for MIMO channels, Concatenated space-time block coding.

Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues:			2 hours
			Tot	al lecture hours:	45 hours
Tex	kt Book((s)			
1.	Aditya	K. Jagannatham, Principle	s of Modern Wire	eless Communicati	ons Systems, 2015, 1st
	Edition	, McGraw-Hill Education, l	India.		•
Ref	erence l	Books			
1.	A. B. 0	Gershman, N. D. Sidiropo	ulus, Space-time	Processing for M	IMO Communications,
	2011, 1	st Edition, Wiley, NJ, USA.			
2.	A. Pau	lraj, R. Nabar, D Gore, Inti	roduction to Space	e-Time Wireless C	Communications, 2013,
	1 st Edit	ion, Cambridge University	Press, UK.		
3.	Tolga	M. Duman, Ali Ghrayed,	Coding for MI	MO Communicati	on Systems, 2012, 1st
	Edition	, John Wiley & Sons, West	Sussex, England.		
4.	http://n	ptel.ac.in/syllabus/syllabus.	php?subjectId=11	17104118	
Mo		evaluation: Internal Asse			Assignments) & Final
Ass	sessment	Test (FAT)	, ,		,
Rec	commend	ded by Board of Studies	28-02-2016		
		y Academic Council	No. 47	Date	05-10-2017

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	<u>C</u>
ECE6016	Advanced Wireless Sensor Networks	2	0	2	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	S	yllal	bus '	vers	ion
Course Objective	200					
	edge in physical, MAC and routing layers of WSN (Wireless	Se	nsor	Nets	vorl	ze)
2. To learn WSN		, 50	11301	11011	WOII	13).
	performance of WSN					
5. To unaryze the	performance of Wart					
Course Outcome	S:					
1. Understand th	e Architectures of WSNs.					
2. Design Physic	al and MAC Layers.					
3. Design Netwo	rk layer in WSN.					
	ustering in WSN.					
5. Interpret WSN						
<u> </u>	zation process in WSN.					
7. Understand an	d write code for Operating Systems in WSN.					
	itectures of WSNs			houi		
	nabling technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks, Single			archi	tecti	ure
Hardware compor	iante. Hinaray concumntion of cancor noda. Sancor nativoriz co					
•	nents, Energy consumption of sensor node, Sensor network sc	zema	rios			
		zena		.	•	
Module:2 Phys	ical and MAC Layers		5]	houi		
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar	ical and MAC Layers and transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Pro	otoc	5 l	for	WS	Ns
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p	ical and MAC Layers nd transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Pro rotocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC:	otoc Per	5 l	for list	WS en	Ns:
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based psleep operations,	ical and MAC Layers and transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Pro rotocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC: Schedule selection and coordination, Schedule synchro	otoc Per	5 l	for list	WS en	Ns:
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based psleep operations,	ical and MAC Layers nd transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Pro rotocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC:	otoc Per	5 l	for list	WS en	Ns:
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of	ical and MAC Layers and transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Pro rotocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC: Schedule selection and coordination, Schedule synchro	otoc Per	5 cols iodic ation	for list	WS en dap	Ns:
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Network	ical and MAC Layers Index transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proportion of transceiver design consideration of transceiver d	otoc Per	5 cols iodic ation	for list n, A	WS en dap	Ns:
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou	ical and MAC Layers Indexidual transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, Mac Propose	otoc Per	5 lecols iodic ation	for list n, A	ws en dap	Ns:
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based psleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Network Challenges for round Module:4 Clus	ical and MAC Layers Index transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proportion of the protocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC: Schedule selection and coordination, Schedule synchrocontrol and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN Itting, Data centric and flat architecture Itering in WSN	otoc Per	5 lecols iodic ation	for list n, A	ws en dap	Ns:
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based psleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Network Challenges for round Module:4 Clus	ical and MAC Layers Indexidual transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, Mac Propose	otoc Per	5 lecols iodic ation	for list n, A	ws en dap	Ns
Module:2 Physical layer ar Schedule-based psleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Network Challenges for round Module:4 Clus	ical and MAC Layers Index transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proportion of the protocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC: Schedule selection and coordination, Schedule synchrocontrol and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN Itting, Data centric and flat architecture Itering in WSN	otoc Per	5 lecols iodic ation	for list n, A	ws en dap	Ns:
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto	ical and MAC Layers Index transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proportion of the protocols, Random Access-based protocols, Sensor-MAC: Schedule selection and coordination, Schedule synchrocontrol and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN Itting, Data centric and flat architecture Itering in WSN	otoc Per	5 cols iodic ation	for list n, A	WS en dap	Ns:
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed	otoc Per	5 cols iodic ation	for list hour	WS en dap	Ns
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design and coordination, Schedule synchrole control and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN partial transfer of the proposed transceiver and flat architecture design with the proposed transceiver and flat architecture design with the proposed transceiver design with the proposed transceiver design and transceiver design and transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design with the proposed transceiver design and transceiver design an	otoc Per	5 cols iodic ation	for list hour	WS en dap	Ns
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design and coordination, Schedule synchroped transceiver and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN atting, Data centric and flat architecture Itering in WSN cols, Geographical routing, QoS based protocols	otoc Per	5 cols iodic ation	for list hour	WS een dap	Ns:
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rot Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design and coordination, Schedule synchrole control and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN particular transcription of the proposed transcr	otoc Per oniz	5 cols cols iodic ation 4 d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d	for list	WS een dap	Ns and tive
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca Challenges in loca	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transcription and coordination, Schedule synchrologout and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN particular transcription with the proposed transcription of the proposed transcription with the proposed transcri	otoc Per oniz	5 cols iodic ation 4 l	hour	WS sen dap	Ns and tive
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca Challenges in loca	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations, Schedule synchrology control and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN pattern with the proposed transceiver in WSN pattern with the proposed transceiver design with the proposed transceive	otoc Per Oniz	5 cols iodic ation 4 l	for list	WS sen dap	Ns and tive
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca Challenges in loca	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transcription and coordination, Schedule synchrologout and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN particular transcription with the proposed transcription of the proposed transcription with the proposed transcri	otoc Per Oniz	5 cols iodic ation 4 l	hour	WS sen dap	Ns and tive
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca Challenges in loca Module:7 Oper Introduction, WSI	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design and coordination, Schedule synchropeontrol and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN Inting, Data centric and flat architecture Itering in WSN Inting, Geographical routing, QoS based protocols In Standards Indication in WSN Indication in WSN Indication, Ranging techniques, Range-based localization, Rangerating Systems in WSN In operating system design issues, Examples of OS, TinyOS.	otoc Per Oniz	5 Decols cols iodication 4 Decols 4 Decols attion 4 Decols 4 Decol	hour	WS een dap dap ses	Ns: and tive
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca Challenges in loca Module:7 Oper Introduction, WSI	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations, Schedule synchrology control and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN pattern with the proposed transceiver in WSN pattern with the proposed transceiver design with the proposed transceive	otoc Per Oniz	5 Decols cols iodication 4 Decols 4 Decols attion 4 Decols 4 Decol	hour	WS een dap dap ses	Ns:
Module:2 Phys Physical layer ar Schedule-based p sleep operations, listening, Access of Module:3 Netw Challenges for rou Module:4 Clus Hierarchical proto Module:5 WSN 802.15.4 - PHY ar Module:6 Loca Challenges in loca Module:7 Oper Introduction, WSI	ical and MAC Layers Indicated transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design considerations in WSNs, MAC Proposed transceiver design and coordination, Schedule synchropeontrol and data exchange, Message passing. Fork layer in WSN Inting, Data centric and flat architecture Itering in WSN Inting, Geographical routing, QoS based protocols In Standards Indication in WSN Indication in WSN Indication, Ranging techniques, Range-based localization, Rangerating Systems in WSN In operating system design issues, Examples of OS, TinyOS.	otoc Per Oniz	5] cols cols iodic ation 4] 4] 4] 4] 4] 4] 4] 4] 4] 4	hour	WS een dap dap ses	Ns:

1. Holger Karl, Andreas Wiilig, Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks,

2011, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 2. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, Taieb Znati, Wireless Sensor Networks-Technology, Protocols, and Applications, 2012, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Reference Books 1. Ian F. Akyildiz, Mehmet Can Vuran, Wireless Sensor Networks, 2011, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 2. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 3. http://ebooks.cambridge.org/ebook.jsf?bid=CBO9781139030960 Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours 2. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours 2. Design of wireless sensor node and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours the power consumption of a sensor node. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, 3 hours Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and damonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze wthe performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Te		and det with the state of the s					
Protocols, and Applications, 2012, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey.							
Reference Books 1. Ian F. Akyildiz, Mehmet Can Vuran, Wireless Sensor Networks, 2011, 1st Edition, Joh Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 2. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 3. http://ebooks.cambridge.org/ebook.jsf?bid=CBO9781139030960 Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Fina Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours 2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 4 determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 3 hours 4 determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours 1 ho	2.						
Ian F. Akyildiz, Mehmet Can Vuran, Wireless Sensor Networks, 2011, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Design of Challess Sensor Network Design and Sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours 2 hours 3 hours 3 hours 3 hours 4 hours			st Edition, John	Wiley & Sons, Nev	v Jersey.		
Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 2. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. 3. http://ebooks.cambridge.org/ebook.jsf?bid=CBO9781139030960 Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Fina Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 3 hours determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, 3 hours Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing: Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing—Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT).	Ref						
2. Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, 2013, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey. Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Fina Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, shours Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze wSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. 4 hours Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing: Cacation based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	1.		an, Wireless S	ensor Networks, 2	011, 1 st Edition, John		
Jersey. 3. http://ebooks.cambridge.org/ebook.jsf?bid=CBO9781139030960 Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Fina Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours 2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing-Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT).		Wiley & Sons, New Jersey.					
3. http://ebooks.cambridge.org/ebook.jsf?bid=CBO9781139030960 Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Fina Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours 2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 3 hours 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables)	2.	Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network	rk Designs, 201	.3, 1 st Edition, John	n Wiley & Sons, New		
Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2 hours		·					
Assessment Test (FAT) List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT).							
List of Challenging Experiments (Indicative) 1. Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. 2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC 3 hours protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	Mo	de of evaluation: Internal Assess	sment (CAT, C	Quizzes, Digital A	Assignments) & Final		
 Design of wireless sensor node and the components of a WSN. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. Design of range based localization techniques. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). 		· /					
2. Design of WSN for transmission and reception of data using two or more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	List	of Challenging Experiments (India	cative)				
more sensors. 3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	1.	Design of wireless sensor node and	the components	s of a WSN.	2 hours		
3. Understand the role of a transceiver and analyze the effect of transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	2.	Design of WSN for transmission	and reception	of data using two	or 2 hours		
transmission range and antenna power level on the residual energy of a sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015							
sensor node. 4. Design of range based localization techniques. 5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) 7. Total laboratory hours 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC a hours hours 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, a hours of the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. A hours of the data acquisition from a sensor. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables)	3.	Understand the role of a trans	sceiver and an	alyze the effect	of 3 hours		
 Design of range based localization techniques. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). 		transmission range and antenna por	wer level on the	e residual energy of	f a		
5. Design and demonstrate the role of duty cycle (sleep/wakeup) in determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		sensor node.					
determining the power consumption of a sensor node. 6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	4.	Design of range based localization t	techniques.		3 hours		
6. Analyze the effect of variable sensing rates and data transmission rate on the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	5.	Design and demonstrate the role	e of duty cycl	le (sleep/wakeup)	in 3 hours		
the power consumption of a sensor node. 7. Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. 8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		determining the power consumption	n of a sensor no	de.			
 Performance analysis of CSMA/ CA (slotted, Un-slotted) MAC protocol. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	6.	Analyze the effect of variable sensing	ng rates and dat	a transmission rate	on 3 hours		
Protocol.		the power consumption of a sensor	node.				
8. Investigate the use of various real world sensors (Temperature, Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	7.	Performance analysis of CSMA	CA (slotted	, Un-slotted) MA	AC 3 hours		
Humidity, light intensity, rain gauge etc.) and demonstrate the data acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		protocol.					
acquisition from a sensor. 9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	8.	Investigate the use of various	real world se	ensors (Temperatu	re, 3 hours		
9. Design and analyze WSN algorithms for clustering of sensor nodes. Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		Humidity, light intensity, rain gar	uge etc.) and	demonstrate the da	ata		
Also, evaluate static clustering technique with respect to WSN life time and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		acquisition from a sensor.					
and throughput. 10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	9.	Design and analyze WSN algorith	hms for cluster	ing of sensor nod	es. 4 hours		
10. Design and demonstrate the role of Gateways in inter cluster/cluster to sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015			nnique with resp	pect to WSN life tin	ne		
sink data transmissions. Design and analyze the performance of any two routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		<u> </u>					
routing techniques prescribed for WSN architecture (Energy aware routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	10.		-				
routing- Location based routing: GF, GAF, GEAR, GPSR, Attribute based routing-Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015							
based routing–Directed diffusion, Rumor routing, Geographic hash tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015							
tables) Total laboratory hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015							
Total laboratory hours 30 hours Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT). Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015		_	Rumor routir	ng, Geographic ha	sh		
Mode of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT).Recommended by Board of Studies13-12-2015		tables)			20-		
Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015				•			
				ssessment Test (FA	T).		
Approved by Academic Council No. 40 Date 18-03-2016				T			
	App	proved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016		

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6017	RF and Microwave Circuit Design	2	0	2	4	4
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syll	Syllabus versio		ion	
						1.0

- 1. To have the essential knowledge of high frequency parameters.
- 2. To familiarize the student with concept of high frequency network analysis and design.
- 3. To have the ability to design microwave passive and active networks.
- 4. To get acquitted with emerging trends in microwave IC design concepts.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Explain the active & passive microwave devices & components used in Microwave communication systems.
- 2. Analyze microwave networks with S-parameters.
- 3. Design power dividers and low pass filters.
- 4. Analyze the multi- port RF networks, RF transistor amplifiers and stability.
- 5. Generate Microwave signals and design microwave amplifiers.
- 6. Understand the concepts of Microwave Resonators, Oscillators and Mixers.
- 7. Able to implement applications of microwave circuits through soft-ware and hard-ware platforms.
- 8. Able to understand the IEEE standards, research papers, replicate and extend those results.

Module:1 Microwave Fundamentals

4 hours

Microwave frequencies (IEEE Standards), Smith Chart: Basic impedance & admittance chart, calculation of VSWR, Reflection coefficient, design of impedance matching circuits using lumped elements and distributed elements.

Module:2 | Microwave Network Analysis

4 hours

Scattering parameters, S-matrix and properties, S-matrix analysis of two port network with overall input and output reflection coefficients and Signal flow graph. Scattering parameter analysis of 2-port, 3-port and 4-port devices.

Module:3 | Microwave Low Pass Filter Design

3 hours

Low Pass Filter design (Butterworth and Chebyshev) - Insertion loss method: Richard's Transformation, Kuroda's identities, Stepped impedance low pass filter.

Module:4 Microwave Transistors and Stability

4 hours

Characteristics of microwave transistors, various types of two port power gains, tests for unconditional stability of an amplifier, stability circles.

Module:5 | Microwave Amplifier Design

5 hours

Single stage amplifier design for maximum gain and specific gain, design of low noise amplifiers, characteristics of power amplifiers.

Module:6 Microwave Resonators

3 hours

Transmission line resonators, Waveguide resonators and Dielectric resonators

Mo	dula-7 Miarayyaya Ogaillatang and Miyang	5 hours
	dule:7 Microwave Oscillators and Mixers cillators: Condition for oscillations in a one port network oscillator and	5 hours
	illators and oscillator phase noise.	two port network
	ser: Characteristics of mixer, image frequency, single ended diode mixer,	single ended FFT
mix		single chided 1 L1
11117		
Mo	dule:8 Contemporary issues	2 hours
	Total lecture hours:	30 hours
Tex	at Book(s)	
1.	D. M. Pozar, Microwave engineering, 2012, 4 th Edition, John Wiley, India.	. 1
2.	G. Gonzalez, Microwave Transistor Amplifiers Analysis and Design, 2	2012 , 2^{nd} Edition,
	Prentice Hall, India	
	Gerence Books	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
1.	Reinhold Ludwig, Pavel Bretchko, RF Circuit Design: Theory and Appl	ications, 2014, 1 st
	Edition, Prentice Hall, India.	
2.	http://www.microwaves101.com/	
	de of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignment Test (FAT)	nments) & Final
	t of Challenging Experiments (Indicative)	
1.	Analysis and Design Equal and Unequal Wilkiason Power division usin	g 4 hours
1.	Electromagnetic Simulation for L and S- Band Applications.	g 4 Hours
2.	Development of Wideband Phase Shifter for L and S band Applications.	3 hours
3.	Design and Development of Microwave Filters.	5 hours
٥.	(a) Low Pass Filter	5 Hours
	(b) Band Pass Filter	
	(c) High Pass Filter	
4.	Design and Development of Microwave Coupler.	5 hours
	(a) Branch line Coupler (90° hybrid coupler)	
	(b) Rat Race Coupler (180° hybrid coupler)	
5.	Design and Development of Microwave Resonators.	5 hours
	(a) Half wavelength	
	(b) Quarter Wavelength	
6.	Design and Perform the Electromagnetic Simulation of High Pass Filter	er 4 hours
	Using Steeped impedance and Richard Transform Method.	
7.	Design and Analysis of Narrow band Microwave Amplifier for L and	S 4 hours
	Band applications using Specific Gain and Maximum Gain Method.	
	Total Laboratory Hour	rs 30 hours
	de of evaluation: Continuous Assessment & Final Assessment Test (FAT).	
	pical Projects:	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4. 5.		
5. 6.		
7.		
, .	2 201511 w 2112 officiation of high page their asing insertion loss method.	

8. Design and analysis of miniaturization techniques for power dividers.						
9. Design and analysis of miniaturization techniques for low pass filters.						
Mode of evaluation: Review I, II and II	Mode of evaluation: Review I, II and III.					
Recommended by Board of Studies	13-12-2015					
Approved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016			

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6018	Microwave Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	S	ylla	bus	vers	sion
_						1.1

- 1. To have the essential knowledge of various planar microstrip circuits.
- 2. To design and analyse various types of microwave planar circuits.
- 3. To acquaint the fabrication techniques and tolerances for MIC circuits.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Comprehend the importance of various microstrip lines and the losses due to various microstrip discontinuities.
- 2. Understand the design of lumped elements for microwave circuits.
- 3. Design and analyze various microstrip resonators.
- 4. Design and analyze microstrip power dividers and couplers.
- 5. Design and analyze band pass filters.
- 6. Appreciate and evaluate the performance of various fabrication techniques for planar circuits.

Module:1 Planar Transmissions Lines

6 hours

Introduction, types of MICs and their technology, types of planar transmission lines, introduction to coupled microstrip lines, slot lines and co-planar waveguides.

Module:2 | Microstrip Lines

6 hours

Fields of propagation in microstrip lines, design equations of microstrip lines (characteristic impedance and W/H relation), losses in microstrip lines, discontinuities in microstrip lines.

Module:3 Lumped elements for MICs

6 hours

Lumped microstrip components: Design of microstrip and chip inductors, capacitors, resistors. Quasi lumped microstrip elements: Open and short circuited stubs (quarter wavelength, half wavelength)

Module:4 | Microstrip Resonators

7 hours

Microwave resonators: Quarter & Half wave length resonators, Ring resonators: types, advantages and applications, Patch resonators.

Module:5 | Microstrip Power Dividers

7 hours

Even and Odd mode analysis of equal &unequal Wilkinson Power Divider, Even & Odd mode analysis of branch line coupler and 180° hybrid coupler, Coupled line coupler and its S-matrix, Ring coupler and its S-matrix.

Module:6 Bandpass Filter Design

6 hours

Band Pass Filter: Insertion loss method, Conversion from low pass to band pass, Design of band pass filter using lumped elements, distributed elements, impedance inverters, coupled lines.

Module:7 MIC & MMIC Fabrication Technologies

5 hours

Hybrid MICs, Configuration, Dielectric substances, thick and thin film technology, LTCC, HTCC, Printed Circuit Board technology (PCB), Fabrication process of MMIC.

Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues			2 hours	
			T	Cotal lecture hours	: 45 hours	
Tex	kt Book(s)				
1.	D. M. I	Pozar, Microwave engineering	ng, 2012, 4 th Edit	ion, John Wiley, In	dia.	
2.		Maloratsky, RF & Microv		Circuits: Passive co	omponents and control	
	devices	s, 2012, 1 st Edition, Elsevier	Inc., India.			
Ref	ference l	Books				
1.		Behagi, RF and Microwave			sed with 100 Keysight	
	(Ads) V	Workspaces, 2017, 1 st Edition	n, Techno Search	n, India.		
2.	Jia She	ng Hong, M. J. Lancaster, M	Iicrostrip Filters	for RF/Microwave	Applications, 2012, 2 nd	
	Edition	, Wiley-Blackwell, India.				
3.	http://w	ww.microwaves101.com/				
Mo	Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final					
Ass	Assessment Test (FAT)					
Rec	Recommended by Board of Studies 28-02-2016					
App	proved b	y Academic Council	No. 47	Date	05-10-2017	

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6019	Image Processing and Feature Extraction	3	0	2	0	4
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syl	labu	s ve	ersi	on
						1.1

- 1. To provide comprehensive understanding of digital image fundamentals.
- 2. To impart the principles of image enhancement and filtering techniques in spatial and frequency domain
- 3. To introduce the core aspects of image segmentation and imbibe their utilization for real-time applications.
- 4. To provide knowledge on the feature extraction from images and classification

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Explore the basic elements of digital image processing.
- 2. Comprehend image sampling, DFT and apprehend the rational of image transforms.
- 3. Process the given images to enhance them in spatial and frequency domains.
- 4. Evaluate the theoretical and practical aspects of segmentation for dealing with computerized analysis.
- 5. Extract image features, identify and classify them.
- 6. Analyze the data usability for compaction aiding representation and description.
- 7. Comprehend the range of methods available for compression.

Module:1 Introduction to Image Processing

6 hours

Fundamental steps in DIP – Image Sampling and Quantization - Basic relationship between pixels. Image Transform: Two dimensional Fourier Transform- Discrete cosine transform – Multiresolution analysis – Haar Transform- Discrete Wavelet Transform.

Module:2 | Image Enhancement

8 hours

Spatial Domain: Basic Gray level Transformations – Histogram Processing – Smoothing spatial filters- Sharpening spatial filters.

Frequency Domain: Smoothing frequency domain filters- Sharpening frequency domain filters- Homomorphic filtering.

Module:3 | Image Segmentation

8 hours

Image segmentation Techniques- Points, Edge and Corner detector - Region based approach-Clustering- Morphological techniques

Module:4 | Feature extraction Techniques

8 hours

Geometry Features - Moment based features - Boundary and Region descriptors, Texture descriptor - Hough transform - Canny edge detector - Principal Components.

Module:5 Object Detection and Recognition

5 hours

Approaches to Object Recognition- Template matching - Neural network approach to Object Recognition- Structural methods.

Module:6 | Image and Video Compression techniques

4 hours

Lossy and lossless Techniques – JPEG – JPEG2000 – MPEG-1, MPEG-2,MPEG-4 AVC/ITU-T H.264 standards

Mo	dule:7 Video processing	4 hours
Bac	ek ground subtraction - Motion detection - Motion estimation - Video segme	entation
Mo	dule:8 Contemporary issues	2 hours
	<u> </u>	
	Total Lecture hours:	45 hours
Tex	at Book(s)	
1.	Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, 2013, 3	3 rd Edition, Pearson
	Education, New Delhi, India.	
2.	Anil. K. Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, 2012, 7th Edi	tion, Prentice Hall,
	Delhi, India.	
3.	Mark Nixon, Alberto Aguado, Feature Extraction & Image processing,	2012, 2 nd Edition,
	Elsevier academic Press, Oxford, UK.	
4.	Al Bovik, Handbook of Image and Video processing, 2013, 2 nd edition,	Elsevier Academic
	Press, Burlington, USA.	
Ref	Ference Books	
1.	William K. Pratt, Digital Image Processing, 2014, 2 nd Edition, John W	iley & Sons, New
	Jersey, USA.	
2.	Richard Szeliski, Computer vision: Algorithm and Applications, 2013, 1s	Edition, Springer-
	Verlog, London, UK.	
3.	A. Murat Tekalp, Digital Video Processing, 2015, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Hall	l, New Delhi, India.
4.	Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven L. Eddins, Digital Imag	ge Processing using
	MATLAB, 2014, 2 nd Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, India.	
5.	www.iprg.co.in	
Mo	de of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assi	gnments) & Final
	sessment Test (FAT)	
	t of Challenging Experiments (Indicative)	1
1.	Basic array operations on image	1 hours
2.	Interpolation and Decimation by factor of 2 of given image	1 hours
3.	Gray level and Bitplane slicing	2 hours
4.	Contrast stretching – Thresholding	2 hours
5.	Basic Gray level transformations	2 hours
6.	Perform histogram equalization for the given image	2 hours
7.	Spatial Domain Filtering	
	(a) Low Pass Filtering	4 hours
	(b) Order Statistics Filtering	i nours
	(c) High Pass Filtering	
8.	Transform domain	
	(a) Obtain Fourier Spectrum using DFT	4 hours
	(b) Obtain Discrete Cosine Transform and its Spectrum	
9.	Frequency Domain Filtering	
	(a) Low Pass Filtering	3 hours
4.0	(b) High Pass Filtering	
10.	Image segmentation based on color and texture feature	2 hours
11.	Morphological Operations	3 hours
12.	Perform feature extraction studies and compression using frequency domain Technique	2 hours
13.	Perform feature extraction studies and compression using wavelet	2 hours

domain Technique			
	Tota	l laboratory hours	30 hours
Mode of evaluation: Continuous Asses	sment & Final Asses	ssment Test (FAT).	
Recommended by Board of Studies	28-02-2016		
Approved by Academic Council	No. 47	Date	05-10-2017

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6020	Multirate Systems	2	0	0	4	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	S	ylla	bus v	versi	on
						1.0

- 1. To introduce the concepts of multirate signal processing.
- 2. To demonstrate the applications of multirate signal processing for communication systems.
- 3. To introduce the fundamental framework of wavelets in multirate signal processing perspective.
- 4. To acquaint the recent trends and technologies in multirate systems.

Course Outcome:

- 1. Design decimator and interpolator in both time and frequency domain.
- 2. Design multirate filter banks with subsequent error analysis
- 3. Design Perfect Reconstruction (PR) filters employing analysis and synthesis scheme
- 4. Design and realize linear-phase PR Finite Impulse Response Filters using lattice structures
- 5. Design and implement cosine modulated PR systems
- 6. Analyze and synthesize different wavelet basis in Time-frequency space
- 7. To design and realize systems using the imbibed multirate signal processing concepts

Module:1 Fundamentals of Multirate Systems

4 hours

Basic multirate operations, interconnection of building blocks, poly-phase representation, multistage implementation

Module:2 | Multirate Filter Banks

6 hours

Maximally decimated filter banks: Errors created in the QMF bank, alias-free QMF system, power symmetric QMF banks. Poly-phase representation, Perfect reconstruction systems, alias-free filter banks

Module:3 | Para-unitary Perfect Reconstruction Filter Banks

4 hours

Lossless transfer matrices, filter bank properties induced by paraunitary, two channel Para-unitary lattices, M-channel FIR Para-unitary QMF banks.

Module:4 | Linear Phase Perfect Reconstruction QMF Banks

3 hours

Necessary conditions, lattice structures for linear phase FIR PR QMF banks, formal synthesis of linear phase FIR PR QMF lattice.

Module:5 | Cosine Modulated Filter Banks

3 hours

Pseudo-QMF bank and its design, efficient poly-phase structures, properties of cosine matrices, cosine modulated perfect reconstruction systems.

Module:6 | Wavelet Transform

4 hours

Short-time Fourier transform, Wavelet transform, discrete-time Orthonormal wavelets, continuous-time Orthonormal wavelets.

Module:7 Applications of multi-rate systems.

4 hours

Sub band coding, Trans-multiplexer, Conventional Digital Down Converters. Aliasing Digital Down Converters. Timing Recovery in a Digital Demodulator. Modem Carrier Recovery. Digitally Controlled Sampled Data Delay. Recursive All-pass Filter Delay Lines. Sigma-delta Decimating

Filt	ter. FM Receiver and Demodulator.		
Mo	odule:8 Contemporary issues		2 hours
	Total lecture hour	s:	30 hours
Tex	xt Book(s)		
1.	P. P. Vaidyanathan, Multirate Systems and Filter Banks, 2012, Education, New Delhi, India.	1 st Eo	lition, Pearson
Ref	ference Books		
1.	Fredric J Harris, Multirate Signal Processing for Communication Sy Pearson Education, New Delhi, India.	stems,	2012, 1 st Edition
2.	Gilbert Strang, Truong Nguyen, Wavelets and Filter Banks, 2012 Cambridge Press, Wellesley, USA.	, 1 st E	dition, Wellesley
3.	N. J. Fliege, Multirate Digital Signal Processing, 2012, 1st Edition, J	ohn W	iley & Sons, New
	Jersey, USA.		.D. I. 10
4.	https://www.ece.umd.edu/class/enee630.F2012/slides/part-1_sec1_2		
	ode of Evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital	Assig	nments) & Fina
	sessment Test (FAT)		
	pical Projects:Adaptive speed control of speech without changing the pitch.		
2			
	Sub band coding of speech.		
4	9 1		
5			
6			
7	•		
8			
9			

- 10. Multirate systems for software defined radio.
- 11. Design and implementation of cascade integrator comb filter
- 12. Design of optimized DSP systems for audio processing using multirate filters and oversampling.
- 13. Extrapolation Techniques.
- 14. Broadband multirate systems for wireless multi user communication.
- 15. Computer aided design of linear phase QMF filter bank.

Mode of evaluation: Review I, II and III.					
Recommended by Board of Studies	13-12-2015				
Approved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016		

Cou	ırse Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
	ECE6021	Adaptive Signal Processing	2	0	0	4	3
P	re-requisite	Nil	Sy	llabı	ıs ve	rsio	n
							1.0
Cou	ırse Objective	s:					
1.	To introduce s	ochastic processes and models in LTI systems.					
2.	2. To understand the LMS algorithm for iteratively estimating the Wiener filter weights.						
3. To familiarize prediction filter formulation and applications							
4. To derive the Lattice filter architecture from the Levinson-Durbin algorithm.							

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Derive the response of LTI system to stochastic processes.
- 2. Comprehend and derive the Wiener filter for signals with known properties.
- 3. Familiar with the Lattice filter implementation of the prediction filter.
- 4. Analyze the convergence Properties of steepest descent.
- 5. Apply LMS algorithm to the lattice structure to improve convergence times.
- 6. Use Recursive Least Squares algorithms in signal processing.
- 7. Convergent with Unsupervised Adaptive filters applications.

Module:1	Adaptive Systems and Signal Analysis	4 hours
Signal Proc	essing in unknown environments: System identification and	Linear prediction-
	Processes-Responses of LTI system to stochastic processes	1
Module:2	The Mean Square Error (MSE) Performance Criteria	4 hours
Introduction	n to Mean Square Error (MSE) and MSE Surface-Properties of the	MSE Surface: The
Normal Equ	nations- Geometrical Properties of the Error Surfaces - Wiener filter	r .
Module:3	Linear Prediction and the Lattice Structure	4 hours
Levinson D	burbin's Algorithm - Lattice Derivation-Forward and backward	prediction-Adaptive
lattice struct	tures.	
Module:4	The Method of Steepest Descent	4 hours
	lution of the Normal Equations- Weight Vector Solutions -Conver	rgence Properties of
Steepest De	scent - Mean Square Error Propagation	
Module:5	The Least Mean Squares (LMS) Algorithm	4 hours
	Unknown Signal Statistics- Derivation of the LMS Algorithm-	
LMS Algor	ithm - LMS Mean Square Error Propagation-Normalized LMS Alg	gorithm
Module:6	Recursive Least Squares Signal Processing	4 hours
	Least squares (RLS) Adaptive Algorithms-Performance of	RLS Adaptive
Algorithms-	Convergence of RLS versus LMS-QR RLS Algorithm.	
Module:7	Unsupervised Adaptive filters	4 hours
Blind Equal	izers –Sato Algorithm –Godard algorithms	
Module:8	Contemporary Issues	2 hours

		Total lecture hour	rs: 30 hours					
t Book(s)								
Bernard Widrow, Samuel D. Stear	ns, Adaptive si	gnal processing, 20	12, 1 st Edition, Pearson					
Education, New Delhi, India.								
Simon Haykin, Adaptive Filter Theory, 2012, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi								
India.								
erence Books								
			and Design of Adaptive					
		heory and Applicati	ons, 2013, 2 nd Edition,					
		•	1					
			, India.					
	ssment (CAT,	Quizzes, Digital	Assignments) & Final					
<u> </u>								
<u> </u>								
	ation.							
1 0 1								
	tering							
<u>*</u>	· 3.7 1·	A 1						
	using Nonlinea	r Adaptive Techniqi	ies					
1 1								
	ndal Tachniqua							
1								
		al signals						
•								
•		Date	18-03-2016					
	Bernard Widrow, Samuel D. Stear Education, New Delhi, India. Simon Haykin, Adaptive Filter T India. Perence Books John R. Treichler, C. Richard John filters, 2012, 1st Edition, John Wile Behrouz Farhang, Boroujeny, Ada John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, U. Dimitris G. Manolakis, Vinay K. processing, 2014, 1st Edition, The Internal Assessment Test (FAT) Pical Projects: Active noise control using adaptical Adaptive cancellation of power liadaptive I/Q mismatch compens Adaptive I/Q mismatch compens Adaptive DPCM Blind acoustic source separation Adaptive channel equalization Emperical mode decomposition. Adaptive speaker Tracking. Blind channel equalization. Blind channel equalization. Blind channel equalization. Adaptive Interacting Multiple Mod. Integration of wavelet with adaptive Integration of wavelet with adaptive Adaptive system for physical mod.	Bernard Widrow, Samuel D. Stearns, Adaptive si Education, New Delhi, India. Simon Haykin, Adaptive Filter Theory, 2012, 4th India. John R. Treichler, C. Richard Johnson, Michael G filters, 2012, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Behrouz Farhang, Boroujeny, Adaptive filters: The John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA. Dimitris G. Manolakis, Vinay K. Ingle, Stephen processing, 2014, 1st Edition, The McGraw Hill Edutty://www.cs.tut.fi/~tabus/course/ASP/Lectures // de of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, essement Test (FAT) Sical Projects: Active noise control using adaptive filters Adaptive cancellation of power line interference Adaptive I/Q mismatch compensation. Adaptive histogram equalization Target tracking using Kalman filtering Adaptive DPCM Blind acoustic source separation using Nonlinea Adaptive channel equalization Emperical mode decomposition. Adaptive speaker Tracking. Fetus heart beat detection. Adaptive speaker Tracking. Fetus heart beat detection. Blind channel equalization. Adaptive Interacting Multiple Model Technique. Integration of wavelet with adaptive filtering. Adaptive system for physical modeling of musical de of evaluation: Review I, II and III. Sommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015	Bernard Widrow, Samuel D. Stearns, Adaptive signal processing, 20 Education, New Delhi, India. Simon Haykin, Adaptive Filter Theory, 2012, 4th Edition, Pearson India. erence Books John R. Treichler, C. Richard Johnson, Michael G. Larimore, Theory at filters, 2012, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA. Behrouz Farhang, Boroujeny, Adaptive filters: Theory and Applicati John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA. Dimitris G. Manolakis, Vinay K. Ingle, Stephen M. Kogon, Statistic processing, 2014, 1st Edition, The McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi http://www.cs.tut.fi/~tabus/course/ASP/Lectures ASP.html de of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital assessment Test (FAT) bical Projects: Active noise control using adaptive filters Adaptive cancellation of power line interference Adaptive I/Q mismatch compensation. Adaptive histogram equalization Target tracking using Kalman filtering Adaptive DPCM Blind acoustic source separation using Nonlinear Adaptive Technique Adaptive channel equalization Emperical mode decomposition. Adaptive speaker Tracking. Behavior and Application and Projects: Blind channel equalization. Adaptive Interacting Multiple Model Technique. Integration of wavelet with adaptive filtering. Adaptive system for physical modeling of musical signals. de of evaluation: Review I, II and III. bommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015					

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6022	Optical Broadband Access Networks	2	0	0	4	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syl	labu	s ve	rsio	n
						1.0

- 1. To provide a deep insight on enabling technologies for access networks.
- 2. To understand broadband access networks.
- 3. To familiarize the concept of network topology and access techniques.
- 4. To introduce long reach optical access and metro networks and WiMAX.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Understand various enabling technologies for broadband access networks.
- 2. Analyze various multiple access schemes for broadband wireless technology.
- 3. Know various optical network topologies.
- 4. Understand various enabling broad band wireless technologies.
- 5. Understand the concepts of long reach and metro optical network.
- 6. Understand wireless access networks and Wi-MAX.
- 7. Deploy and test real-time implementation of optical broadband access networks.

Module:1 | Introduction and Enabling Technologies

4 hours

The anatomy of an access network, the evaluation path typical access networks, broad band copper access network using ADSL2, VDSL2 Technology, fiber to the home/building (FTTH/B) access network, point to point Ethernet FTTH, passive optical network (PON) FTTH, wavelength division multiplexing (WDM) PON FTTH, hybrid fiber coax running DOCSIS protocol, wireless access network

Module:2 | Enabling Techniques For Broad Band Access Networks

3 hours

Fiber in the access network: Fiber-DSL, hybrid fiber -coax, fiber -wireless, fiber to the home. basic optical access network components: Optical fiber, optical power splitter, wavelength routing devices

Module:3 Network Topology & Access Techniques

4 hours

FTTH network topologies: Point to point, point to multipoint, cost aspects. Multiple access techniques for a PON: Time division multiple access, subcarrier multiple access, optical code division multiple access, wavelength division multiple access. Radio over fiber, free space optical communication

Module:4 | Enabling Broadband Wireless Technologies

5 hours

Modulation: Use of limited power, phase shift keying modulation, quadrature amplitude modulation, orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM). Coding techniques: Block Codes, convolution codes, turbo coding (TC), space time coding, coded modulation techniques. Adaptive modulation and coding (AMC). Multiple access techniques: Frequency division multiple access, time division multiple access, orthogonal frequency division multiple access, Combination of OFDM and CDMA system, carrier sense multiple access protocol.

Module:5 | Long Reach Optical Access Networks

4 hours

Research challenges: Signal power compensation, optical source, burst mode receiver, upstream resource allocation. Demonstration of LR, PON-PLANET super PON, dynamic bandwidth assignment.

Module:6 Optical Access and Metro Networks

3 hours

Introduction, optical regional access network, Stanford university access network, metro access ring integrated network, OBS access metro networks. STARGATE- architecture, discovery and registration, dynamic bandwidth allocation and application.

Module:7 | Optical –Wireless Access Networks and WiMAX

5 hours

RoF: Introduction, basic technologies, RoF application areas, networking concepts and techniques. Integration of EPON and WiMAX: Introduction, integrated architecture for EPON and WiMAX, design and operation issues. Introduction to WiMAX, point to point, multipoint WiMAX networks, WiMAX mesh mode, mobility in WiMAX networks

Module:8 | Contemporary Issues

2 hours

Total lecture hours: 30 hours

Text Book(s)

1. Abdallah Shami, Martin Maeir, Chadi Assi, Broadband Access Network Technologies and Deployment (Optical Networks), 2014, 1st Edition, Springer, India.

Reference Books

- 1. Leonid G. Kasovsky, Ning Cheng, Wei-tao Shaw, Shingwa Wong, Broad Band OpticalAccess Networks, 2012, 1st Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, India.
- 2. Ivan Kaminov, Tingye Li, Alan E. Wilner, Optical Fiber Telecommunications VI B Systems and Networks, 2013, 6th Edition, Academic Press, India.
- 3. <a href="http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/service-provider/service-prov

Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final Assessment Test (FAT)

Typical Projects:

- 1. Pre-emptive multi-wavelength scheduling in hybrid WDM/TDM passive optical networks
- 2. Interleaved polling versus multi-thread polling for bandwidth allocation in long-reach PONs
- 3. Wavelength hopping passive optical network (WH-PON) for provision of enhanced physical security
- 4. Scalable Passive Optical Network Architecture for Reliable Service Delivery
- 5. RPR-EPON-WiMAX hybrid network: A solution for access and metro networks
- 6. Interleaved polling versus multi-thread polling for bandwidth allocation in long-reach PONs
- 7. OCDMA Network design
- 8. Reducing Energy consumption in Green PON
- 9. Resource Allocation in WDM PON
- 10. EPON authorize discovery process scheduling algorithm and Scheduling
- 11. Energy efficient DB Algorithms
- 12. Colourless PON Architectures
- 13. Hybrid WDM/TDM routing
- 14. Performance Evaluation Of Hybrid OFDM/CDMA For wireless network.
- 15. Implementation of Turbo encoder and decoder
- 16. Comparison of Cable Modem and DSL technologies
- 17. Performance evaluation of Wi MAX and Wi Fi Networks
- 18. Optical Time Division Multiplexing and De multiplexing Techniques
- 19. Design and performance evaluation of radio over fiber system incorporating different

modulation techniques							
20. Dense wavelength division multiplexing							
21. Free space optical communication	through atmosp	heric turbulence ch	iannels				
Mode of evaluation: Review I, II and III.							
Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015							
Approved by Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016				

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
ECE6023	RF MEMS	3	0	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syl	labu	s ver	sio	n
						1.0

- 1. To have the essential knowledge of various planar microstrip circuits.
- 2. To design and analyze various types of RF MEMS filters and resonator.
- 3. To acquaint the design of MEMS based circuits.

Course Outcome:

- 1. Comprehend the importance of micro machines and various transducers.
- 2. Understand the fabrication techniques for MEMS circuits.
- 3. Discern the principles of various MEMS devices.
- 4. Design and analyze RF MEMS resonators.
- 5. Design and analyze RF MEMS filters.
- 6. Understand the MEMS based circuits.

Module:1 | Evolution of Microsystems

2 hours

Benefits of micro systems, concept of micro machines/ micro systems, Scaling laws, nanomachines.

Module:2 Introduction to Sensors, Actuators and Mathematical Models

2 hours

Various domains and classification of transducers: electrostatic, piezoelectric, thermal sensing principles: electrostatic, resistive, chemical etc. SAW devices.

Module:3 Surface Bulk Micro Machining

5 hours

Overview of silicon processes techniques, micro machining techniques and special processes for MEMS, polymer MEMS, recent advances in MEMS fabrication.

Module:4 | **RF MEMS Devices**

11 hours

Enabled circuit elements and models – RF/Microwave substrate properties, Micro machined – enhanced elements – capacitors, inductors, varactors, MEM switch – shunt MEM switch, low voltage hinged MEM switch approaches, push-pull series switch, folded –beam – springs suspension series switch, MEMS modeling – mechanical modeling, electromagnetic modeling.

Module:5 | **MEMS Resonators**

4 hours

Transmission line planar resonators, cavity resonators, micromechanical resonators, film bulk acoustics wave resonators.

Module:6 | **RF MEMS filters and Oscillators**

9 hours

A Ka-Band millimeter-wave Micro machined tunable filter, A High-Q 8 MHz MEM Resonators filter, RF MEMS Oscillators – fundamentals, A14GHz MEM Oscillator, A Ka-Band Micro machined cavity oscillator.

Module:7 | RF MEMS Based Circuit Design

10 hours

Phase shifters – fundamentals, X-Band RF MEMS phase shifter for phased array applications, Ka-Band RF MEMS phase shifter for radar systems applications, Film bulk acoustic wave filters – FBAR filter fundamentals, FBAR filter for PCS application

Mo	dule:8	Contemporary issues			2 hours			
					•			
			r	Fotal Lecture hours:	45 hours			
Tex	kt Book(\mathbf{s})						
1.	Hector	J. De Los Santos, RF MEM	IS Circuit Desi	gn for Wireless Com	munications, 2012, 1 st			
	Edition	, Artech House, India.						
2.	Stepan	Lucyszyn, Advanced RF	MEMS(The Ca	ambridge RF and M	icrowave Engineering			
	Series,	2012, 1st Edition, Cambridge	e University Pr	ess, India.				
Re	ference l	Books	-					
1.	Vijay 1	K. Varadan, K. J. Vinoy,	K.A. Jose, RF	MEMS and their A	applications, 2012, 1 st			
	Edition	, John Wiley and sons, India	l.					
2.	Gabrie	M. Rebeiz, RF MEMS T	heory, Design	& Technology, 201	13, 1 st Edition, Wiley			
	Intersc	ience, India.						
3.	http://o	cw.mit.edu/index.htm						
Mo	Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final							
Ass	sessment	Test (FAT)		-	-			
Red	Recommended by Board of Studies 13-12-2015							
Ap	proved b	y Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2016			

Course code	Course title		LTPJC
ECE6091	Foundations of Machine Learning		3 0 0 0 3
Pre-requisite	MAT 5006 - Mathematics for Communication	Engineers	Syllabus versio
			1.
Course Objecti			
_	quainted with data processing		
	stand the importance and significance of Mach	ine Learning	
	stand the diverse learning methods		
4. To prefac	te the essentials of deep learning		
E	0-4		
Expected Cours		malias	
	fy data discrepancies and eliminate noise, anor		
	rehend different steps involved in Machine Lea	arning	
	nize the characteristics of ANN		
	rehend different types of learning		
	ment different deep learning algorithms		
6. To realiz	e the impact of optimization in deep learning		
Module:1 Dat	a Preprocessing		4 hour
	ors & Matrices – Overview: Data cleaning	I Integration	
Reduction	ors & matrices – Overview. Data cicanin	ig, integration,	Transformation (
Reduction			
Module:2 Ma	chine learning Essentials		9 hou
	steps, data analysis for ML, generalization, re	egularization _ I	
miroduction, wi	2 steps, data analysis for ML, generalization, re	Zgularization L	71, L2, applications
Module:3 Int	roduction to Artificial Neural Networks		6 hou
	on –Topology – characteristics of artificial ne	ural networks –	
	Architecture- Multilayer Perceptron – Back Pr		
10110010115, 111 (1)	The state of the s	opuguiton reuni	<u>88</u>
Module:4 Lea	rning Methods		8 hour
	Types of Learning – Supervised - Hebbian – I	Percentron – Ad	
	arning NN, Kohonen SOM	e creep a on a rid	amic, empaper vise
P • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6 1 1		
Module:5 Ma	chine Learning Algorithms		6 hou
	n - Normalization - Dimensionality reduction,	Classifiers: KN	
trees, Naïve Bay		, 014661110161 121	11, 2 , 1, 2 , 0 , 1, 1
trees, rear ve Bay	es clastering.		
Module:6 Int	roduction to Deep Learning		6 hou
	ration – Pooling – Efficient convolution algori	thms- Reinforce	
Module:7 MI	Framework - Toolbox		4 hour
MATLAB-Pytho	on – Implementation-Computer Vision – Spee	ch Recognition -	– Natural Languas
Processing appli		C	2
Module:8 Co	ontemporary issues		2 hour
	Total Lecture hours:		45 hour

Reference Books								
1.	Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, and Cheng Soon Ong, Mathematics for Machine							
	Learning. Cambridge University Pr	ress 2020						
2.	Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to	Machine Learni	ng", MIT	Press, Prentice Hall of India,				
	Third Edition 2014							
3.	Simon Haykin, Neural Networks an	nd Learning Mach	ines, 2016	5, 3 rd edition, Pearson				
	Education Inc. India							
4.	Kevin P Murphy. Machine Learnin	ıg – A Probabilisti	c Perspect	tive (Adaptive Computation				
	and Machine Learning series). MIT	Γ Press 2012.						
5	Goodfellow, Ian, Yoshua Bengio, a	and Aaron Courvi	lle. Deep le	earning. MIT press, 2016.				
6	Deep Learning: A Practitioner's	Approach (Engl	ish, Pape	rback, Josh Patterson, Adam				
	Gibson)							
Mode of Evaluation: CAT / Assignment / Quiz / FAT / Project / Seminar								
Rec	Recommended by Board of Studies 14-09-2020							
App	proved by Academic Council	No. 59	Date	24.9.2020				

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	J	C
CSE6051	Information And Network Security	3	0	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Nil	Syl	labu	s ve	rsio	n
						1.1

- 1. To familiarize the basic concepts in security mechanism, classical and traditional Encryption techniques.
- 2. To teach the significance of public key mechanism, message authentication and digital signature in cryptography.
- 3. To acquaint the different types of network security and its significance.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Comprehend and analyze OSI Security Architecture and Symmetric Key Encryption.
- 2. Comprehend the various mathematic techniques in cryptography including number theory, Finite Field, modulo operator and Discrete Logarithm.
- 3. Analyze block ciphers, Data Encryption Standard (DES), Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) and public key cryptography.
- 4. Analyze Diffie-Hellman key exchange, ElGamal Cryptosystem in asymmetric key cryptosystem and authentication schemes.
- 5. Understand the different types of network security protocols and its standards.
- 6. Know the various network security mechanisms.

Module:1 Introduction

Need of Security – OSI Security architecture – Security attacks – Security mechanisms – Model for network security – Information security management lifecycle – Classical Techniques - Substitution – Transposition

Module:2 | Mathematics of Cryptography

8 hours

6 hours

Number Theory, Finite Fields, Fermat's and Euler's Theorems - Euler's Totient function - The Chinese Remainder Theorem, Discrete Logarithms, Elliptic and Hyper elliptic curve Arithmetic.

Module:3 | Secret Key Cryptography

8 hours

Block ciphers and Data Encryption Standard (DES): Double DES – Triple DES. Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) – IDEA.

Module:4 | Public Key Cryptography

8 hours

Principles of Public Key Cryptography - RSA – Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) – Digital Signatures - Key Management: Diffie-Hellman key exchange - Elgammal cryptosystem - Kerberos. Hash Functions: SHA and MD5 - Message Authentication Codes: HMAC.

Module:5 | Network Security Protocols and Standards

5 hours

Application level security: PGP, S/MIME, HTTPS and SET. Security in transport layer: SSL and TLS. Security in Network Layer: IPsec, Internet Key Exchange (IKE) and VPN.

Module:6 | Network Periphery Security

4 hours

Fire walls – Scanning, filtering and blocking – Virus filtering – Content filtering – Spam - Wireless LAN: WEP and Honeypots.

	dule:7	Cyber Crimes, Hackers				4 hours		
-	Cyber Crimes and Laws - Hackers - Dealing with the rise tide of Cyber Crimes - Forensics							
ana	lysis.							
Mo	Module:8 Contemporary issues: 2 hours							
				Total Lecture h	ours	45 hours		
Tes	xt Book(<u>s)</u>		Total Lecture II	ours.	45 Hours		
1.	Willian	n Stallings, Cryptography n Pearson Education, Noida		ecurity: Principle	es and	Practice, 2014, 5 th		
2.	Joseph	Migga Kizza, Computer I ss Media, New York, USA.	Network Securi	ty, 2012, 1 st Ed	ition, S	pringer Science &		
Ref	ference l							
1.	Christo	f Paar, Jan Pelzl, Unders	standing Crypto	graphy – A Te	extbook	for Students and		
		oners, 2014, 1 st Edition, Spr						
2.		z A. Forouzan, Debdeep M , The McGraw Hill Educati			Network	Security, 2013, 3 rd		
3.		Kaufman, Radia Perlman, blic World, 2016, 2 nd Editio				ate Communication		
4.	http://o	cw.mit.edu/courses/electric	al-engineering-a	ind-computer-sci	ence/6-	857-network-and-		
	computer-security-spring-2014/							
Mo	Mode of evaluation: Internal Assessment (CAT, Quizzes, Digital Assignments) & Final							
Ass	sessment	Test (FAT)	-					
Rec	commen	ded by Board of Studies	13-12-2015					
Ap	proved b	y Academic Council	No. 40	Date	18-03-2	2016		